

GUIDE TO BIOLOGICAL TERMS IN MELANESIAN PIDGIN

By MARTIN SIMON



WAU ECOLOGY INSTITUTE
HANDBOOK NO. 3

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Joint Publication of
Wau Ecology Institute
and
Papua New Guinea
University of Technology

**WAU ECOLOGY INSTITUTE
HANDBOOK NO. 3
1977**

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AUTHOR'S NOTE:

This guide to biological terms was developed for Papua New Guinean students as an aid to their understanding of lectures in biology as well as biological texts that are used during the teaching of biology courses. It is not meant to be a substitute for teaching material prepared in English, but rather, should be used to help clarify the many new terms and concepts that biology students are introduced to throughout their education in biology.

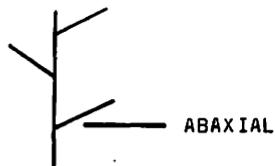
Words that are printed in CAPITAL letters in the definition are also defined in this work and should be consulted to help the student understand the word in question. Numbers found at the end of the definitions refer to the page and figure in which the word being defined is illustrated.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

I would like to thank the staffs of the Wau Ecology Institute and the Department of Chemical Technology, University of Technology, for editorial and other assistance, and in particular Mr Robert Wanstall, Biology Lecturer in the Department of Chemical Technology, who initially suggested the idea of preparing this work. I would also like to express my gratitude to the Director of the Wau Ecology Institute, Dr J. L. Gressitt, for supporting this project. In addition, other Wau Ecology Institute staff members contributed toward the development of this work: Mr Andrew Apang, who helped with the grammar and sentence structure of the definitions, and Mr Goaru Nalu who provided ideas on some of the illustrations and definitions. Finally I would also like to thank Mrs Janet Hart of Wau and Mrs Margaret Wildin of Lae, who typed drafts of the manuscript. This work was sponsored by the Wau Ecology Institute and the International Voluntary Services.

ABAXIAL Nem bilong pasin long lip i kamap long arasait long stik (STEM) diwai.

Figure 1.



ABDOMEN Nem bilong bel.

ABDUCTOR Nem bilong kain mit (MUSCLE) i pulim i go long namel long bodi.

ABIOTROPHIC NEMATODE Nem bilong wampela lo bilong BIOLOGY i tok: pastaim tru, laip i kamap long samting i no gat laip i stap.

ABORAL Nem bilong samting long hap bilong animal i stap long arasait long maus.

ABSCSSION LAYER Nem bilong samting i stap long as bilong liklik stik (PETIOLE) bilong lip. ABSCSSION LAYER em i no strong tumas. Nau bihain lip i bruk long ABSCISSON LAYER nau lip i pundaun.

ABSORPTION Nem bilong pasin bilong olgeta samting i gat laip, ol i save pulim wara na kaikai long ABSORPTION.

ABYSSAL Nem bilong hap long solwara i stap daunbilo tru.

ACCLIMATION	Nem bilong taim diwai na olgeta animal i save sindaun gut long ples bilong em yet.
ACELLULAR ANIMAL	Nem bilong mak bilong animal i gat wanpela CELL tasol. (Fig. 7 page 12; Fig.34 page 81).
ACETYLCHOLINE	Nem bilong wanpela kain marasin i stap insait long bodi i helpim wok bilong rot wailis (NERVE).
ACHILLES TENDON	Nem bilong rop bilong pasim bun i stap bihain long fut.
ACID	Nem bilong marasin i save kukim skin.
ACOELOMATE	Nem bilong sampela kain animal i no gat bilum (COELOM) insait long bodi bilong em. Or animal i no gat bilum raun long bel insait long bodi bilong em.
ACOUSTIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong nois.
ACTIN	Nem bilong sampela samting oleem liklik rop tru (FIBER, FIBRE) i stap insait long mit (MUSCLE). ACTIN i helpim mit muv.
ADAPTATION	Nem bilong olgeta taim olgeta diwai na animal i save sindaun gut long ples (ENVIRONMENT) bilong em.
ADAXIAL	Nem bilong pasin long lip i kamap long insait long stik (STEM) diwai.
ADHESION	Nem bilong pawa i makim tupela i pas wantaim. Oleem ADHESION em i pawa bilong plasta.
ADIPOSE	Nem bilong samting i stap insait long bodi. Ol i kalim gris.

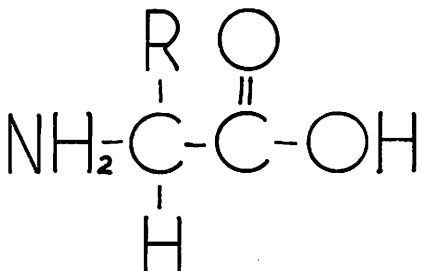
ADRENAL GLAND	Nem bilong samting i stap insait long bodi i mekim marasin (HORMONE) ran insait long bodi.
ADRENALIN	Nem bilong marasin (HORMONE) bilong ADRENAL GLAND i mekim bodi kirap kwiktaim na hat i pamp kwiktaim long muvim planti blut long taim bikpela samting olsem pret i kamap.
ADVENTITIOUS	Nem bilong oltaim samting i kamap long arapela ples i no kamap tru long ples bilong em.
AEROBIC	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela diwai na animal i mas (OBLIGATE) pulim win. Olsem, sapos i no pulim win, i go dai pinis.
AESTIVATION (ESTIVATION)	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal. Nau sapos ples bilong em i kamap drai tru, nau dispela animal i stap isi i no muv.
AFFERENT	Nem bilong olgeta taim sampela samting i pulim i kam long arapela samting.
AGGLUTININ	Nem bilong samting i stap insait long blut. Em i olsem mekim blut i no kamap na i ron.
ALBINISM	Nem bilong samting nogut i kamap insait long bodi. Olsem ALBINISM i no mekim kain kain kala (PIGMENT) i kamap long skin na gras.
ALGAE (s. ALGA)	Nem bilong wampela bikpela lain long liklik diwai. ALGAE i no gat lip na stik (STEM) na as (ROOT) bilong em. Planti ALGAE i stap long wara na solwara. Em i gat planti kain kain ALGAE. (CHLOROPHYTA, RHODOPHYTA, PHAEOPHYTA, CYANOPHYTA).

ALIMENTARY	Nem bilong olsem samting bilong olgeta rot bilong kaikai. Maus na mambu (ESOPHAGUS) i karim kaikai long maus i go long bel, na hap long bel (STOMACH) i save brukbrukim kaikai, na rot bilong kaikai tru (INTESTINE) olgeta bilong ALIMENTARY. (Fig. 15 page 28).
ALLANTOIS	Nem bilong hap long bilum bilong pikinini (EMBRYO, FETUS) i stap inseit long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri. ALLANTOIS i save wokim olsem witlewa (LUNG), na ALLANTOIS i save rausim pispis bilong pikinini. (EXCRETION).
ALLERGY	Nem bilong sampela samting sapos sampela man i pulim win i gat samting nogut or em i pilim samting, dispela man i kamap sik long dispela sapos i gat ALLERGY long dispela samting.
ALLOPATRIC	Nem bilong sampela taim animal i no stap long wanpela hap tasol. Olsem em i taim tupela animal bilong wanpela lain i no stap klostu.
ALTERNATION OF GENERATIONS	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai i gat tupela bodi bilong em. Wanpela i save mekim wanpela kain kiau em i no man or meri kiau, ol i kalim dispela kiau SPORE. Bodи bilong diwai i save mekim SPORE em i SPOROPHYTE. Nau arapela bodi bilong dispela diwai i kamap i save mekim kiau (GAMETE) bilong man na meri, ol i kalim dispela bodi bilong diwai GAMETOPHYTE.
ALVEOLI (s.ALVEOLUS)	Nem bilong planti liklik bilum i stap inseit long witlewa (LUNG). (Fig. 26 page 54).

AMINO ACID Nem bilong liklik hap tru bilong liklik mit tru (PROTEIN). Em i gat 22 kain kain AMINO ACID. Nau planti kain kain AMINO ACID i bung wantaim long mekim wampela PROTEIN. Piksa bilong AMINO ACID em i olsem:

Figure 2.

Piksa bilong AMINO ACID



**AMPHIBIA
(AMPHIBIAN)** Nem bilong wampela lain (CLASS) long animal. Animal bilong AMPHIBIA i gat pikinini bilong em i save sindaun gut long wara (AQUATIC). Nau bikpela AMPHIBIA i save sindaun gut long graun. (TERRESTRIAL) rokrok bilong lain long AMPHIBIA.

AMPLEXUS Nem bilong taim rokrok i puspus.

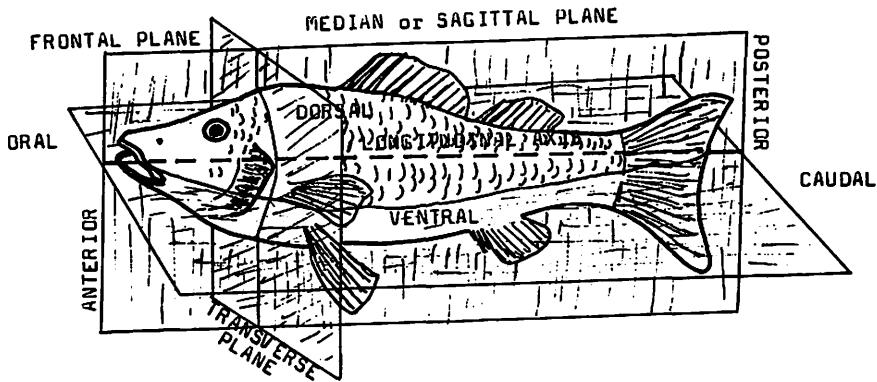
ANABOLISM Nem bilong wampela hap long olgeta wok bilong bodi (METABOLISM). ANABOLISM em i taim tupela liklik samting i mekim wampela bikpela samting i stap insait long bodi.

ANADROMOUS Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain fis i stap long solwara, nau bihain i kambak long riva long karim kiau. Tok piksa: barumundi em pis long wokim dispela pasin.

ANEROBIC Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain diwai na animal. Sapos i pulim win em i go dai pinis. Win em olsem poisin bilong em.

ANALOGOUS	Sapos samting bilong bodi long tupela animal i wok olsem. Nau dispela tupela samting em i no kamap wankain tasol. Tok piksa: wing bilong batapla na wing bilong pisin i save mekim dispela tupela animal flai. Dispela tupela wing i no kamap olsem. Dispela tupela wing em i ANALOGOUS.
ANAPHASE	Nem bilong wanpela hap long taim CELL i mekim nupela CELL (MITOSIS, MEIOSIS). Nau ANAPHASE em i taim liklik rop (CHROMOSOME) i go arere inseait long CELL. (Fig. 27 page 60).
ANASTOMOSIS	Nem bilong tupela samting olsem rop i bung wantaim.
ANATOMY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong ausait na inseait long bodi bilong olgeta animal na diwai.

Figure 3.



ANDROGEN	Nem bilong maresin (HORMONE) bilong man tasol i stap inseait long bodi. ANDROGEN i save mekim manki i kamap man. Nau ANDROGEN i save mekim gras i kamap ananit long han na i mekim maus gras i kamap. Bol bilong man (TESTES) i save mekim ANDROGEN.
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ANGIOSPERM	Nem bilong lain bilong diwai i gat plaua.
ANNELIDA	Nem bilong bikpela lain (PHYLUM) long animal i gat sampela kain liklik snek (WORM) i stap. (LEECH, HIRUDINEA).
ANNUAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela diwai na plaua. Nau dispela kain diwai i kamap na i dai insait long wanpela krismas.
ANNUAL RINGS	Nem bilong wanpela mak i kamap long wanpela krismas. ANNUAL RINGS i stap insait long stik bilong bikpela diwai i stap long ples kol (TEMPERATE).
ANTAGONISTIC MUSCLES	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela mit (MUSCLE). Nau wanpela mit i pulim bun i go na arapela mit i pulim bun i kam.
ANTENNAE (s.ANTENNA)	Nem bilong mas bilong binatang i kamap antap long het.
ANTERIOR	Nem bilong olgeta hap long bodi i stap long fran long bodi olesem klostu long het. (Fig. 3 page).
ANTHER	Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong plaua. ANTHER i save mekim man kiau (SPERM, POLLEN) bilong diwai. Olesem ANTHER em i man sem bilong diwai. (Fig. 21 page 37).
ANTIBIOTIC	Nem bilong sampela marasin i save kilim liklik binatan tru (BACTERIA).

ANTIBODY	Nem bilong sampela samting i stap insait long bodi i paitim na kilim liklik binatang tru or liklik samting tru. (BACTERIA, VIRUS, ANTIGEN).
ANTIGEN	Nem bilong liklik samting tru i go insait long bodi i bung wantaim na mekim planti ANTIBODY i kamap.
ANTITOXIN	Nem bilong sampela samting i save kilim poisin.
ANURA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) long animal. Rokrok bilong lain long ANURA.
ANUS	Nem bilong as bilong animal.
AORTA	Nem bilong bikpela rop bilong blut i kamaut long hat. (Fig. 22 page 43).
APETALOUS	Nem bilong mak bilong sampela plaua i no gat hap i gat kala (PETAL, COROLLA) long plaua bilong em.
APICAL MERISTEM	Nem bilong samting i stap long diwai. Nau APICAL MERISTEM i save mekim nupela CELL i kamap kwiktaim.
APPENDAGE	Nem bilong olgeta fut na han bilong animal na diwai.
APOCARPOUS	Nem bilong mak bilong sampela kain plaua. Em i gat meri sem (CARPEL) i stap wanpela wanpela tasol i no bung long arapela CARPEL.
AQUATIC	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i save sindaun long wara or solwara.
ARACHNIDA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (CLASS) long animal. Em i gat eitpela lek bilong em. ARACHNIDA em i no gat mas (ANTENNAE) i stap long het bilong em. Spida bilong lain long ARACHNIDA.

ARBOREAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i save sindaun long diwai ol taim. Tok piksa: kapul em i animal i save sindaun long diwai, em i ARBOREAL olsem.
ARCHEGONIUM	Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong sampela kain diwai i mekim liklik kiau (OVULE) bilong diwai.
ARCHENTERON	Nem bilong samting oleem bel bilong pikinini (EMBRYO) i gat blut yet na i stap insait long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri.
ARTERIOLE	Nem bilong liklik rop bilong blut. ARTERIOLE i lusim blut long hat. (Fig. 10 page 21).
ARTERY	Nem bilong sampela rop bilong blut. ARTERY i lusim blut long hat. (Fig. 10 page 21).
ARTHROPODA	Nem bilong wanpela bikpela lain (PHYLUM) long animal. ARTHROPODA em i gat ausait bun (EXOSKELETON) bilong em na em i gat skru (JOINT) i stap long han na lek bilong em. Anis na bateplai, na spaida, na kuka, na kindan, na plantihan, na planti kain kain tru animal bilong lain ARTHROPODA.
ARTICULATION	Nem bilong olgeta skru (JOINT) bilong bun.
ASCOMYCETES	Nem bilong wanpela hap long bikpela lain (DIVISION) long liklik diwai (FUNGUS). Em i no grimpela i no gat lip tru na as diwai (ROOT) na stik (STEM) olsem.
ASEXUAL REPRODUCTION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal na diwai. Nau em yet i save mekim pikinini i no gat tupela kain liklik kiau (GAMETE) bilong man na meri.

ASSIMILATION Nem bilong pasin bilong animal i kaikai pastaim, nau bihain bodi i brukimbrukim. Nau kaikai i go insait long bodi bilong em na mekim nupela mit na mekim pawa (METABOLISM).

ASYMMETRY Nem bilong sampela samting i no inap katim namel or brukim namel.

Figure 4.



**ATP
(ADENOSINE
TRIPHOSPHATE)** Nem bilong sampela samting i stap insait long CELL. Nau ATP i save senisim pawa long bodi.

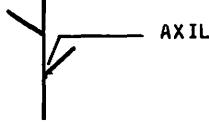
**atrium
(pl. ATRIA)** Nem bilong hap long hat olsem hul i stap long antep long hat. (Fig. 22 page 43)

ATROPHY Nem bilong pasin bilong animal sapos wanpela hap long bodi i bagerap, nau yu no usim em oltaim. Olsem em i go liklik.

AUDITORY Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong harim.

AURICLE Nem bilong samting olsem ATRIUM. (Fig 22 page 43).

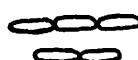
**AUSTRALIAN
REGION** Nem bilong wanpela ples long graun i gat sampela kain animal bilong em. (ZOOGEOGRAPHY) em i stap klostu Australia, na Papua New Guinea na Indonesia, na New Zealand na planti liklik ailan bilong AUSTRALIAN REGION.

AUTONOMIC	Nem bilong wanpela kain rot wailis (NERVE). Man i no save bosim dispela kain NERVE. AUTONOMIC NERVE i stap long rot bilong kaikai (IN ESTINE) na rop bilong blut i helpim dispela tupela samting wok.
AUTOSOME	Nem bilong olgeta liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL i no save mekim man tasol or meri tasol.
AUTOTROPHIC	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai em yet i save mekim kaikai bilong em (PHOTOSYNTHESIS).
AUXIN	Nem bilong marasin i stap insait long diwai. Nau AUXIN i save helpim diwai kamap bikpela.
AVES	Nem bilong lain (CLASS) long animal. Pisin bilong lain long AVES.
AXIL	Nem bilong kona i stap long namel bilong diwai, olesem han bilong em, or kona i stap long han bilong em na lip bilong em.
AXILLARY BUD	Figure 5.  Nem bilong hap long pikinini stik i kamap long antap long hap long sampela diwai i pasim long stik diwai (STEM).

- AXIS** Nem bilong mak bilong lainim samting long olgeta bodi bilong animal na diwai (ANATOMY).
AXIS em i longpela lain i brukim bodi namel.
(Fig. 3 page 6).
- AXON** Nem bilong wanpela hap long rot wailis (NERVE).
AXON i save rausim pawa bilong rot wailis (NERVE) i go long arapela NERVE. (Fig. 28 page 63).

BACILLI
(s.BACILLUS) Nem bilong wanpela liklik binatang tru olsem jem (BACTERIA). Piksa bilong dispela BACTERIA em i olsem:

Figure 6. **BACILLI**



BACTERIA
(s.BACTERIUM) Nem bilong sampela kain liklik binatang tru olsem jem i save bringim olkain sik. Tripela kain piksa bilong BACTERIA:

Figure 7.

COCCI



BACILLI



SPIRILLA



BACTERIOPHAGE Nem bilong liklik samting tru (VIRUS) i save go insait long liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA) ne kilim dispela bacteria. BACTERIOPHAGE i gat tupela hap bilong em, liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) na DNA or RNA.

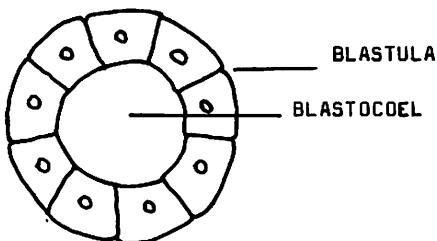
BARK Nem bilong skin bilong diwai i stap long ausait long stik (STEM) bilong em.

BASIDIOMYCETES	Nem bilong wanpela hap long bikpela lain (DIVISION) long liklik diwai (FUNGUS) em i no gat lip tru na stik (STEM) na as bilong diwai (ROOT) bilong em. Talinga bilong lain long BASIDIOMYCETES.
Batrachia	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) long animal. Rokrok bilong lain long BATRACHIA.
BEE	Nem bilong binatang i save kaikai man.
BENTHOS	Nem bilong hap long raun wara na solwara. BENTHOS em i stap long graun ananit long raun wara na solwara.
BERRY	Nem bilong wanpela kain prut i gat planti liklik pikinini diwai (SEED) i stap long em. Tomato em i prut bilong BERRY.
BI-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat tupela samting.
BICEPS	Nem bilong wanpela kain mit (MUSCLE) hanlek. Em is gat tupela hap long wanpela hap tasol.
BICUSPID VALVE	Nem bilong wanpela kain dua i stap insait long hat i stap long namel long left ATRIUM na left VENTRICLE. Nau sapos BICUSPID VALVE em i pas, blut i no inap long go long left ATRIUM long left VENTRICLE. (Fig. 22 page 43).
BILATERAL SYMMETRY	Nem bilong samting i kamap tupela hap, olesem sapos yu katim long wanpela namel tasol. Olesem piksa bilong glas bilong lukluk.
BILE	Nem bilong wanpela kain wara i kamap long lewa, em i helpim brukbrukim gris i stap insait long bel.

BINOMIAL Nomenclature	Olgeta animal na diwai i gat tupela bikpela nem bilong em. Tok piksa: nem bilong manmeri em olsem: <u>Homo sapiens</u> . Nau nem bilong kauau em olsem: <u>Ipomoea batatas</u> .
BIOGENESIS	Nem bilong wapelala lo bilong BIOLOGY. Em i tok long laip i kamap long laip tasol.
BIOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim olgeta samting i gat laip.
BIOME	Nem bilong wapelala hap long graun i gat animal na diwai i stap.
BIOSPHERE	Nem bilong hap bilong graun i gat laip.
BIPEDAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong animal i save wokabaut long tupela lek tasol.
BISEXUAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i gat sem bilong wan na meri i stap insait long wapelala bodi..
BIVALVE	Nem bilong lain (CLASS) long animal. Em i gat tupela kramsel bilong em. BIVALVE i stap long wara no solwara.
BLADDER	Nem bilong olkain bilum i stap insait long booi long animal. (Fig. 24 page 50).
BLASTOGOEL	Nem bilong hul i stap insait long kiau (BLASTULA) i stap insait long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri. Bihain kiau i kamap pikinini. (Fig. 8 page 15).

BLASTULA Nem bilong nupela liklik pikinini i stap insait long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri. BLASTULA em i bol tasol.

Figure 8.



BOTANY Nem bilong lainim olgeta samting bilong olgeta diwai.

BRACHIAL Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap long han.

BRACHIATION Nem bilong pasin bilong animal i save wokabaut long diwai long han bilong em.

BRACKISH Nem bilong wara na solwara tupela i miks.

BRAIN Nem bilong kru i stap insait long hat.

BRONCHIOLE Nem bilong liklik mambu bilong win i stap insait long bodi i helpim karim win long maus i go long wit lewa (LUNG). (Fig. 26 page 54).

**BRONCHUS
(pl.BRONCHI)** Nem bilong bikpela mambu bilong win i stap insait long bodi i karim win long maus i go long wit lewa. (Fig. 26 page 54).

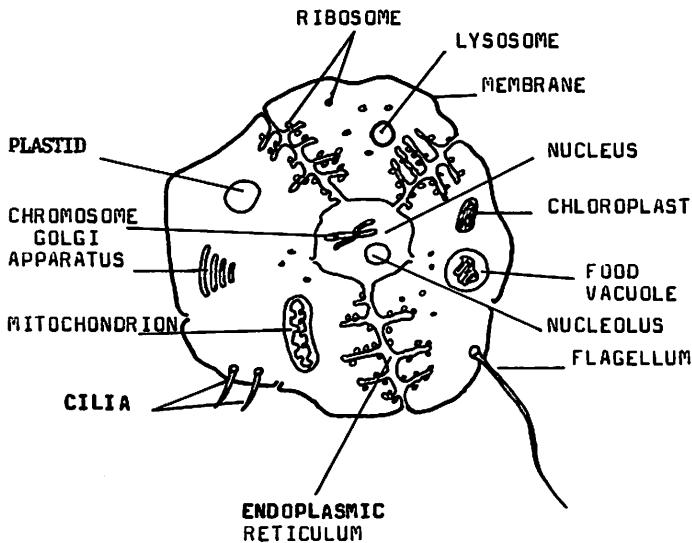
BUCCAL Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong maus.

BULB	Nem bilong sotpela stik (STEM) bilong diwai i stap daumbilo long graun. BULB i gat planti kaikai i stap long em.
BURSA	Nem bilong sampela bilum i stap insait long bodi bilong animal.
CAECUM	Nem bilong bilum i pasim rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINES).
CALORIE	Nem bilong wapela pawa i stap insait olgeta kaikai. Pawa bilong wapela CALORIE i save hatim wapela "gram" wara long wapela "degree" Celsius.
CALYX	Nem bilong wapela hap long plaua. CALYX em i hap long plaua i stap daumbilo em i grimpela i lukluk olsem lip ol i kalim SEPAL. Nau CALYX em i planti SEPAL i bung wantaim. (Fig. 21 page 37).
CAMBIDIUM	Nem bilong wapela kain CELL i stap insait long stik diwai (STEM). CAMBIUM em i hap long diwai i save makim nupela CELL i save karim wara (XYLEM) na kaikai (PHLOEM) bilong diwai.
CAMBRIAN	Nem bilong taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 570 milin kriemas bipo i pinis 500 milin kriemas bipo.
CANINE	Nem bilong wapela lain animal olsem dok na sampela animal i klostu olsem dok.
CAPILLARY	Nem bilong liklik rot tru bilong blut. Nau win i stap insait long CAPILLARY i go insait long mit. (Fig. 10 page 21).

CARAPACE	Nem bilong strongpela ausait skin bilong wanpela lain (PHYLUM) long binatang. Ol i kalim ARTHROPOD.
CARBOHYDRATE	Nem bilong samting i stap insait kaikai. Nau bihain long kaikai, bodi bilong animal i save wokim pawa i stap insait long CARBOHYDRATE. Kaukau na prut i gat planti CARBOHYDRATE. Mit i no gat planti CARBOHYDRATE.
CARBONIFEROUS	Nem bilong wanpela taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 345 milin krismas bipo na pinis 280 milin krismas bipo.
CARDIAC	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong hat. (Fig. 22 page 43).
CARNIVORE	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i save kaikai arapela animal.
CAROTID ARTERY	Nem bilong rop bilong blut i karim blut long hat i go long hat.
CARPALS	Nem bilong planti liklik bun i stap long han.
CARPEL	Nem bilong sem bilong meri plaua. CARPEL i save mekim meri kiau (OVULE). (Fig. 21 page 37).
CARTILAGE	Nem bilong sampela samting olsam bun i stap insait long bodi em i no strong tumas. Bihain sampela CARTILAGE inap long kamap strongpela tru.
CARYOPSIS	Nem bilong prut bilong gras diwai.
CATABOLISM	Nem bilong samting sapos wanpela bikpela samting i brukbrukim long tupela liklik samting. Oltaim CATABOLISM i save wok insait long bodi.

- CATERPILLAR** Nem bilong pikinini bilong bataplai em i lukluk olesem liklik snek.
- CAUDAD** Nem bilong hap long bodi i stap klostu long tel long animal (**CAUDAL**).
- CAUDAL** Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong animal i step long klostu long tel. (Fig. 3 page 6).
- CELL** Nem bilong as bilong olgeta animal na diwai. Planti CELL i kamap long mekim wanpela animal or diwai. Wanpela CELL i gat planti kain kain liklik rum tru (**ORGANELLE**) i stap insait long CELL.

Figure 9.
Piksa bilong CELL



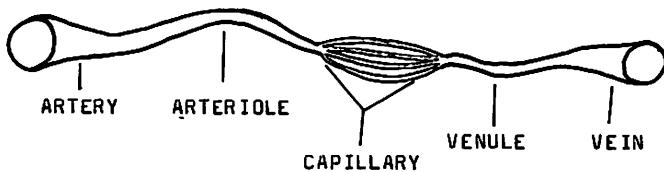
- CELLULOSE** Nem bilong samting i stap insait long diwai i mekim skin bilong em.
- CELL WALL** Nem bilong strongpela banis bilong CELL i stap long ausait long CELL bilong diwai.

CENOZOIC	Nem bilong bipo bipo tru. (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS). CENOZOIC i stap 65 milin kriemas bipo na i stap nau.
CENTRUM	Nem bilong bikpela hap long bun bilong baksait na bun bilong nek (VERTEBRAE).
CEPHALIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong animal i stap kloetu long het.
CEREBELLUM	Nem bilong hap long kru bilong het (BRAIN). CEREBELLUM i save bosim mit(MUSCLE, GLAND) bilong animal.
CEREBRUM	Nem bilong hap long kru bilong het (BRAIN) em i save wokim tingting bilong man.
CERVICAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong nek. (Fig. 38 page 92).
CERVIX	Nem bilong samting i stap long baksait long bokis (VAGINA) bilong meri. (Fig. 31 page 68).
CESTODA	Nem bilong wapela lain (CLASS) bilong liklik snek (WORM). CESTODA i stap insait long animal i save kaikai em.
CHAETA (SETA)	Nem bilong strongpela gras bilong sampela liklik snek (ANNELIDA).
CHELOONIA	Nem bilong wapela lain (ORDER) long animal. CHELOONIA i gat trausel.
CHILOPODA	Nem bilong wapela lain (CLASS) long ARTHROPODA. Animal bilong CHILOPODA em i plantihan.

CHIROPTERA	Nem bilong lain (ORDER) bilong animal. CHIROPTERA i gat blakbokis.
CHLORENCHYMA	Nem bilong wapelala kain CELL i step insait long diwai. CHLORENCHYMA em i grinpela. Na em i gat planti CHLOROPLASTS i step insait long CELL.
CHLOROPHYTA	Nem bilong wapelala kain diwai (ALGAE). CHLOROPHYTA em i grinpela i no gat lip tru na atik (STEM) na as (ROOT) bilong em. CHLOROPHYTA em i step long solwara.
CHLOROPLASTS	Nem bilong liklik bilum tru (PLASTID) i step insait long CHLORENCHYMA CELL. Em i grinpela na i save mekim kaikai long san na win na wara tasol (PHOTOSYNTHESIS). (Fig. 9 page 18).
CHONDRICHTHYES	Nem bilong wapelala lain long pis. Sak bilong lain long CHONDRICHTHYES.
CHORDATE	Nem bilong wapelala bikpela lain (PHYLUM) bilong animal. CHORDATE em i gat mambu (NOTOCHORD) i step long baksait bilong em. Man na pisin na kapul na snek na palai na pis olgeta bilong lain long CHORDATE.
CHORION	Nem bilong wapelala kain bilum i step long ausait long pikinini i gat blut yet (FETUS, FOETUS). (Fig. 16 page 30).
CHROMATID	Nem bilong wapelala hap long liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i step insait long CELL. Tupela CHROMATID i pas wantaim nau bihain i brukim namel long tupela.

CHROMOPLAST	Nem bilong liklik bilum tru (PLASTID) i stap insait long CELL bilong diwai. CHROMOPLAST em i gat kala (PIGMENT) i stap insait long em. (Fig. 9 page 18).
CHROMOSOME	Nem bilong liklik rop tru i stap insait long CELL. CHROMOSOME i save wokim nupela CELL. DNA na HISTONES stap long CHROMOSOME. CHROMOSOME i gat planti GENE i stap long em. (Fig. 9 page 18).
CILIA (s.CILIUM)	Nem bilong liklik gras tru i stap long sampela kain CELL. CILIA i helpim CELL wokabaut na kaikai. (Fig. 9 page 18).
CIRCADIAN RHYTHM	Nem bilong sampela pasin bilong animal na diwai i save wokim sampela samting long wanpela de. Tok piksa: slip em i kamap wanpela taim long wanpela de. Slip em wanpela hap long CIRCADIAN RHYTHM.
CIRCULATORY SYSTEM	Nem bilong olgeta rop bilong blut. Nau blut em i ran nabaut insait long bodi long CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

Figure 10.



CLASS Nem bilong wapela hap long olgeta nem bilong animal na diwai. (CLASSIFICATION). Plant CLASS long animal na diwai i stap long wapela bikpela lain (PHYLUM). Nau CLASS em i gat planti arapela lain (ORDER) bilong em.

CLASSIFICATION Nem bilong kisim save long em wanem lain bilong animal or diwai i gat. Olgeta animal na diwai bilong sampela lain. Olgeta animal na diwai yu ken i putim long lain i stap daunbilo:

KINGDOM
PHYLUM (DIVISION)
CLASS
ORDER
FAMILY
GENUS
SPECIES.

CLAVICLE Nem bilong wapela bun bilong solda i stap long fran long solda. (Fig. 38 page 92).

CLEAVAGE Nem bilong oltaim liklik kiau tru (ZYGOTE) i brukim namel namel long kiau. Nau i mekim tupela CELL. Bihain CLEAVAGE, tupela i kamap foapela, na foapela i kamap etpsela.

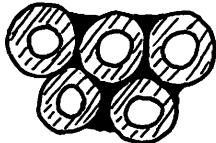
Figure 11.



CLINE Nem bilong taim senis bilong mak i kamap long hap (POPULATION) long wapela liklik lain (SPECIES) long animal or diwai.

CLOACA	Nem bilong wapela kain as bilong sampela kain animal. Em i wapela hul tesol. Pispis, pekpek, na wara bilong man (SEmen) kamaut long CLOACA. Man i no gat CLOACA. Em i gat tupela hul i kamaut long bodi bilong em.
COCCYX	Nem bilong bun bilong tel bilong animal em i bung wantaim.
COLEOPTERA	Nem bilong wapela lain (ORDER) long INSECT. Em i gat foapela WING. Tupela WING bilong em i stap long fran em i strong i no save flai gut. Na arapela tupela WING em i no strong tumas, nau dispela tupela i stap amanit na i save flai gut.
COLLENCHYMA	Nem bilong wapela kain CELL i bung wantaim (TISSUE). COLLENCHYMA i stap inseait long diwai. COLLENCHYMA em i strongpela CELL i helpim diwai i sanap strong.

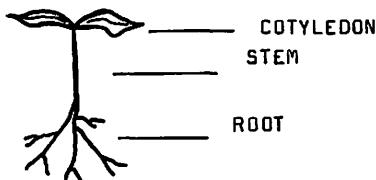
Figure 12.
Piksa bilong COLLENCHYMA CELL



COLON	Nem bilong hap long rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE). COLON i stap long bakesait long bel. COLON i lusim pekpek long bel bilong animal. (Fig. 15 page 28).
COMMENSALISM	Nem bilong pasin bilong tupela kain kain animal i bung wantaim. Nau wapela animal em i helpim arapela animal sindaun gut.
COMMUNITY	Nem bilong olgeta ples long planti kain animal na diwai i sindaun gut wantaim.

CONIFER	Nem bilong wapela lain long bikpela diwai. CONIFER em i no gat plaua bilong em. Klinky Pine bilong lain long CONIFER.
COPULATION	Nem bilong puspus.
CORIUM	Nem bilong wapela skin i stap ananit long ausait skin.
CORNEA	Nem bilong windo bilong ai. (Fig. 17 page 34).
COROLLA	Nem bilong wapela hap long plaua i gat planti kala (PETAL). (Fig. 21 page 37).
CORONARY VESSELS	Nem bilong rot bilong blut bilong hat.
CORPUS LUTEUM	Sapos meri kiau (OVUM) i go daun long bokis bilong meri, nau bihain CORPUS LUTEUM i kamap insait long bodi bilong meri. CORPUS LUTEUM i save mekim marasin i helpim pikinini i kamap strong insait long bel.
CORTEX	Nem bilong olgeta skin i stap long ausait long animal na diwai.
COSTAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong ol bun bilong banis (RIB). (Fig. 38 page 92).
COTYLEDON	Nem bilong nambawan lip i kamap long kru diwai:

Figure 13.



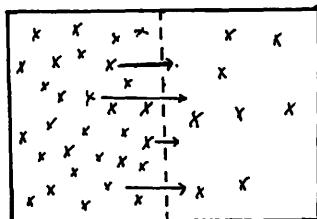
CRANIUM	Nem bilong hap long bun bilong het (SKULL). CRANIUM i karamapim kru bilong het (BRAIN). (Fig. 38 page 92).
CROCODILIA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) long animal. Pukpuk bilong lain CROCODILIA.
CRUSTACEA	Nem bilong wanpela kain lain (CLASS) long animal. CRUSTACEA em i stap long ware na solwara. Kuka na kindaun na planti erapele animal bilong lain long CRUSTACEA.
CUTANEOUS	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong skin.
CUTICLE	Nem bilong wanpela kain skin i stap long aussit long diwai or nem bilong ausait skin bilong binatang (INSECT).
CYANOPHYTA	Nem bilong liklik diwai tru. Em i no gat lip na stik (STEM) na as bilong diwai (ROOT) bilong em. CYANOPHYTA em i Klostu liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA). CYANOPHYTA i stap long ware na solwara.
CYCADALES	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) long diwai. Lain bilong CYCADALES i kamap bipo bipo tru. CYCADALES i gat pikinini (SEED) bilong em. Em i no gat plaua bilong em. Lip bilong CYCADALES em i olsem lip bilong FERN.
CYST	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i stap insait long strongpela samting tru. Nau nating i save bagarapim sapos CYST i kamap.

CYTOKINESIS	Nem bilong taim bilong CELL i brukin long namel na i mekim tupela CELL (MITOSIS, MEIOSIS). (Fig. 11 page 22; Fig. 27 page 60).
CYTOKININS	Nem bilong sampela marasin (HORMONE) i stap inseit long diwai. CYTOKININS em i gat planti kain kain wok bilong em. Em i helpim CELL bilong diwai mekim nupela CELL na em i helpim pikinini diwai (SEED) i kamap bikpela (GERMINATION).
CYTOTOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting long CELL.
CYTOPLASM	Nem bilong strongpela wara i stap inseit long olgeta CELL. (Fig. 9 page 18).
DACTYL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong pinga bilong han na bilong lek.
DECIDUOUS	Nem bilong sampela kain diwai. Em i lusim lip sampela taim long wanpela yia.
DEFECATION	Nem bilong pekpek.
DENDRITES	Nem bilong wanpela hap long rot wailis (NERVE) i stap long fren long rot wailis. (Fig. 28 page 63).
DENTARY	Nem bilong bun bilong wasket (JAW). Tit i stap long DENTARY. (Fig. 38 page 92).
DERMAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong skin i stap long ausait long bodi.
DETritus	Nem bilong rabis bilong diwai na animal.
DEVONIAN	Nem bilong wanpela taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 385 milin kriemas bipo i pinis 345 milin kriemas bipo.

DIAPHRAGM	Nem bilong mit (MUSCLE) i stap long namel long bel na banis bilong win (THORACIC). DIAPHRAGM i helpim sampela animal i pulim win.
DIAPHYSIS	Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong longpela bun (FEMUR, HUMERUS) bilong han no lek. Or nem bilong hap long bun bilong baksait (VERTEBRAE).
DICHOTOMOUS	Nem bilong taim sampela samting i bruk namel i kamap tupela samting.
DICOTYLEDON	Nem bilong sampela kain diwai i gat tupela pikinini lip (COTYLEDON) long taim kru diwai i kamap. (Fig. 13 page 24).
DIFFERENTIATION	Nem bilong taim wanpela kain CELL i tainim long arapela kain CELL na mit.
DIFFUSION	Nem bilong taim sampela samting i stap long wanpela hap i gat planti sampela samting i surikim i go long arapela hap i no gat planti samting. DIFFUSION i no kisim pawa long wokim dispela.

Figure 14.

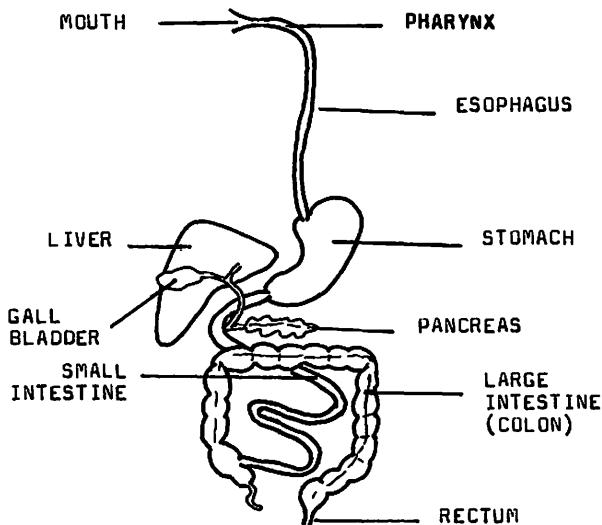
Piksa bilong DIFFUSION



DIGESTION

Nem bilong brukbrukim kaikai i stap long bel.

Figure 15.



DIOECIOUS

Nem bilong pasin bilong animal na diwai i gat wanpela sem i stap long meri na arapela sem i stap long man.

DIPTERA

Nem bilong wanpela kain lain (ORDER) long binatang (INSECT). Em i gat tupela WING tasol. Lang na natnat olsem moskito bilong lain long DIPTERA.

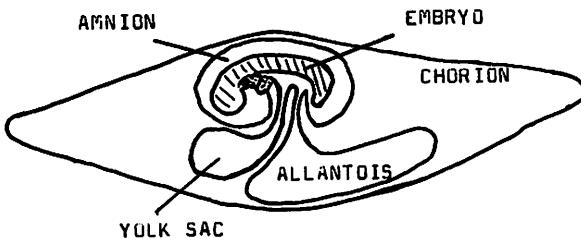
DNA
(DESOXYRIBONUCLEIC
ACID)

Nem bilong sampela samting liklik tru i stap insait wanpela rum (NUCLEUS) i stap insait long CELL. DNA bilong olgeta animal na diwai. DNA i gat olgeta tok save long mekim nupela CELL bilong animal na diwai.

DORMANT	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i slip longpela taim tru, i no muv. Sapos animal na diwai em i DORMANT i no inap long wokabaut no kaikai na kemap bikpela. Em i no dai tru.
DORSAL	Nem bilong sampela hap long bodi em i stap long baksait or klostu long baksait. (Fig. 3 page 6).
DUCT	Nem bilong sampela kain mambu i stap insait long bodi. Nau sampela marasin (HORMONE) i save ran long dispela DUCT.
DUODENUM	Nem bilong wanpela hap long rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE) i stap bihain long bel (STOMACH). DUODENUM em nambawan hap long INTESTINE.
ECDYSIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong wanpela bikpela lain (PHYLUM) bilong ARTHROPODA i lusim aussait skin bilong em.
ECHINODERM	Nem bilong wanpela bikpela lain (PHYLUM) bilong animal i stap long solwara. Ol i kalim sta.
ECOLOGY	Nem bilong wanpela hap long BIOLOGY. ECOLOGY em i tok animal na diwai i save bung na sindaun gut wantaim long aussait ples (ENVIRONMENT) bilong em. ECOLOGY em i olsem lainim samting long olgeta pasin bilong animal na diwai na ples bilong em.
ECOSYSTEM	Nem bilong bikpela bung long animal na diwai na ples (ENVIRONMENT) bilong em olsem.
ECTO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap long aussait arapela samting.

ECTODERM	Nem bilong ausait skin bilong liklik pikinini (GASTRULA) i stap insait long meri. Bihain ECTODERM i mekim ausait skin na rot wailis (NERVE) bilong bikpela animal.
ECTOPARASITE	Nem bilong sampela liklik binatang i stap long ausait skin long arapela animal na em i save kaikai dispela animal.
ECTOPLASM	Nem bilong strongpela wara (CYTOPLASM) i no save ran kwik i stap insait long CELL.
EFFERENT	Nem bilong olgeta taim samting i go ausait. Tok piksa: EFFERENT rot wailis (NERVE) emi nem bilong sampela NERVE i kamaut long het.
EJACULATION	Nem bilong taim wara bilong man (SEmen) i kamaut long kok bilong animal.
ELBOW	Nem bilong skru bilong han.
ELYTRA	Nem bilong tupela WING i stap long ausait long binatang bilong lain (ORDER) oli kalim COLEOPTERA. ELYTRA em i strongpela WING tru.
EMBRYO	Nem bilong liklik pikinini i stap insait long meri.

Figure 16.



EMBRYOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong EMBRYO.
ENAMEL	Nem bilong strongpela samting tru i stap long aussait long tit.
ENDEMIC	Nem bilong animal na diwai i stap long ples bilong em long pastaim tru.
ENDO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap long insait long arapela samting.
ENDOCRINE GLAND	Nem bilong sampela kain CELL i bung wantaim (GLAND) olesem mit i save mekim sampela marasin (HORMONE) i stap insait long bodi.
ENDODERM	Nem bilong insait skin bilong liklik pikinini (GASTRULA) i stap insait long meri. Bihain ENDODERM i mekim wit lewa (LUNG) na rop bilong kaikai (INTESTINE) na planti arapela samting bilong bel.
ENDODERMIS	Nem bilong wapel a hap long stik diwai (STEM) i stap long insait long stik diwai. ENDODERMIS i stap klostu long ausait long rot bilong STEM i save karim wara na kaikai (VASCULAR BUNDLE).
ENDOPARASITE	Nem bilong liklik binatang i go insait long bodi bilong arapela animal na save kaikai em.
ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM	Nem bilong liklik rot tru i stap insait long CELL. ENDOPLASMIC RETICULUM i karim sampela samting long insait long CELL. (Fig. 9 page 18).
ENDOSKELETON	Nem bilong olgeta bun i stap insait long bodi bilong animal.

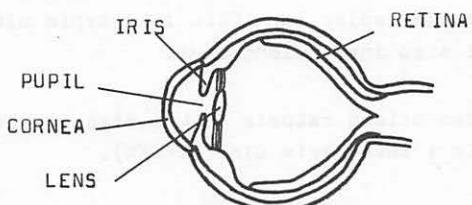
ENDOSPERM	Nem bilong sampela samting bilong pikinini (SEED) bilong diwai. ENDOSPERM i karamapim kiau (EMBRYO) bilong diwai. EMBRYO i save kaikai ENDOSPERM. (Fig. 38 page 92).										
ENVIRONMENT	Nem bilong olgeta samting long animal na diwai i save sindaun. ENVIRONMENT i gat planti hap bilong em.										
	<table border="0"> <tr><td>1. Ren</td><td>6. Hat na kol</td></tr> <tr><td>2. San</td><td>7. Animal</td></tr> <tr><td>3. Win</td><td>8. Binatang</td></tr> <tr><td>4. Lait</td><td>9. Diwai</td></tr> <tr><td>5. Graun</td><td>10. Liklik binatang tru. (BACTERIA).</td></tr> </table>	1. Ren	6. Hat na kol	2. San	7. Animal	3. Win	8. Binatang	4. Lait	9. Diwai	5. Graun	10. Liklik binatang tru. (BACTERIA).
1. Ren	6. Hat na kol										
2. San	7. Animal										
3. Win	8. Binatang										
4. Lait	9. Diwai										
5. Graun	10. Liklik binatang tru. (BACTERIA).										
	Ol i save helpim animal na diwai i sindaun gut.										
ENZYME	Nem bilong sampela samting, olsem sampela kain marasin i helpim wokim ANABOLISM na CATABOLISM tupela samting bilong wok bilong bodi ol i kalim METABOLISM. ENZYME i helpim tasol i no save go inseit wantaim em.										
EPI-	Nem bilong sampela samting i stap long ausait long arapela samting.										
EPICOTYL	Nem bilong hap long stik bilong kru i kamap long graun. EPICOTYL em i hap long stik is stap antap long lip bilong kru bilong diwai.										
EPIDERMIS	Nem bilong ausait skin bilong animal na diwai.										
EPIGEAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i save sindaun antap long graun.										
EPIGLOTTIS	Nem bilong wanpela kain mit i stap long baksait long maus (PHARYNX). EPIGLOTTIS em pasim mambu (LARYNX) bilong win long taim bilong kaikai.										

EPINEPHRINE	Olesem ADRENALINE.
EPIPHYTE	Nem bilong wapela pasin bilong sampela kain diwai i save sindaun long arapela diwai.
EPITHELIUM	Nem bilong sampela kain CELL i bung wantaim na mekim laplap long CELL i karmapim mit (ORGAN) i stap insait long bodi.
ERYTHROCYTE	Nem bilong retpela CELL i stap insait long blut. Em i save karim win (OXYGEN).
ESOPHAGUS (DESOPHAGUS)	Nem bilong mambu bilong kaikai i kamaut long baksait long maus (PHARYNX) i go long bel (STOMACH).
ESTROGEN (OESTROGEN)	Nem bilong sampela marasin (HORMONE) i stap insait long meri long sampela kain animal. ESTROGEN i save mekim sem bilong meri i kamap.
ETHIOPIAN REGION	Nem bilong wapela ples i gat animal (ZOOGEOGRAPHY). Wapela hep long Africa bilong ETHIOPIAN REGION.
ETIOLATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai. Nau sapos yu putim sampela diwai insait sampela rum i no gat lait, diwai em i sensisim long yelopela na liklik lip i kamap long em na stik (STEM) bilong em i kamap longpela i no strongpela tumas.
EUKARYOTIC	Nem bilong olgeta CELL i gat sampela rum (ORGANELLE) i stap insait long em.
EVOLUTION	Nem bilong wapela lo bilong BIOLOGY i tok; olgeta animal or diwai senis long olgeta taim. Nau sampela taim, sapos wapela kain animal or diwai i gat planti senis tru, nau insait planti planti yias tru, oleem milin kriemas, dispela animal or diwai i senis long arapela animal or diwai.

EXCRETION Nem bilong pasin bilong olgeta animal i rausim rabis i stap insait long bodi bilong em.

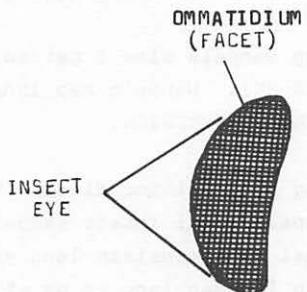
EYE Nem bilong ai. Piksa bilong EYE stap daunbilo:

Figure 17.



FACET Ai bilong binatang (INSECT) i gat planti liklik ai i bung wantaim. Nem bilong wapelaliklik ai bilong binatang em i FACET.

Figure 18.

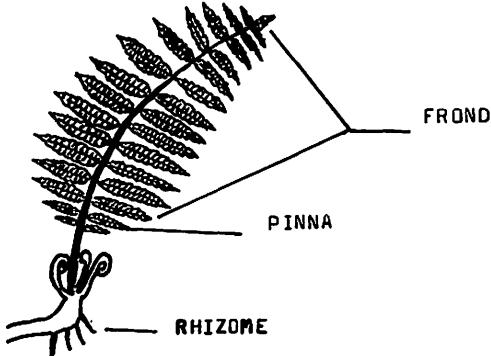


FASCIA Nem bilong sampela kain laplap i stap insait long bodi bilong animal. FASCIA i karmapim na bungim tupela hap wantaim i stap insait long bodi.

FALLOPIAN TUBE Nem bilong mambu i stap insait long bodi bilong meri bilong sampela kain animal. FALLOPIAN TUBE i kamaut long ples (OVARY) bilong kiau i kamap. FALLOPIAN TUBE i karim kiau (OVUM) long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri. (Fig. 31 page 68).

FAMILY	Nem bilong wanpela hap long olgeta nem bilong animal or diwai (CLASSIFICATION). Planti FAMILY bilong animal or i stap long wanpela arapela lain (ORDER). Na FAMILY i gat planti lain bilong em ol i kalim GENUS.
FAUNA	Nem bilong olgeta animal i sindaun long wanpela hap (COMMUNITY).
FEATHER	Nem bilong gras bilong pisin.
FECES (FAECES)	Nem bilong pekpek.
FEMORAL ARTERY	Nem bilong rot bilong blut i stap insait long lek.
FEMUR	Nem bilong longpela bun i stap long lek bilong animal. (Fig. 38 page 92).
FERMENTATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong liklik diwai tru (YEAST). Nau diepela YEAST i save brukbrukim sampela kain suga. Nau YEAST i no laik pulim win (ANAEROBIC) long FERMENTATION.
FERN	Nem bilong sampela kain diwai i no gat plaua na i no gat as tru (ROOT) olesem diwai.

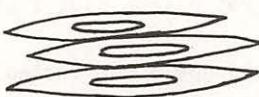
Figure 19.



FERTILIZATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong planti diwai na animal. FERTILIZATION em i taim bilong kiau bilong man (SPERM) na meri (OVUM, OVULE) i bung wantaim na mekim pikinini kamap.
FETUS (FOETUS)	Nem bilong pikinini i stap insait long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri. (Fig. 16 page 30).
FIBER (FIBRE)	Nem bilong wapel a hap long SCLERENCHYMA CELL bilong diwai. Em i strongpela i helpim diwai i sanap strong.

Figure 20.

Piksa bilong FIBRE



FIBRIN	Nem bilong wapel a kain liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) i stap insait long blut. FIBRIN i mekim blut i kamap strong sapos samting katim skin bilong animal.
FIBULA	Nem bilong wapel a bun i stap long lek bilong sampela kain animal i stap namel long skru bilong lek (KNEE) na long fut. (Fig. 38 page 92).
FISSION	Nem bilong wapel a kain ASEXUAL REPRODUCTION. Wapel a CELL i katim long namel na tupela CELL i kamap.

FLAGELLA
(s.FLAGELLUM)

Nem bilong liklik gras i stap long sampela kain CELL. FLAGELLA lukluk olsem tel bilong sampela CELL i helpim CELL wokabaut. (Fig. 9 page 18).

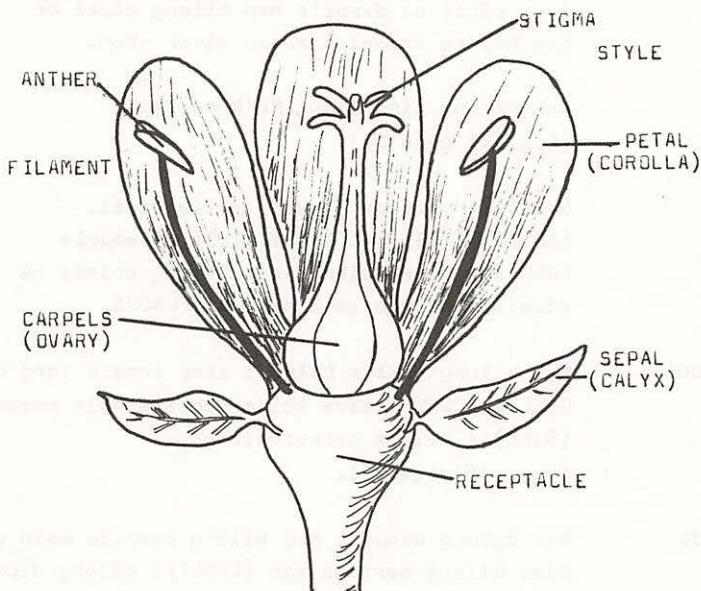
FLORA

Nem bilong olgeta lain long diwai i stap long wanpela ples (COMMUNITY) long graun.

FLOWER

Nem bilong plaaua.

Figure 21.



FONTANELLE

Nem bilong sampela hul i stap long namel long bun bilong het bilong pikinini.

FOOD CHAIN

Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong ECOLOGY. Em i olsem piksa i soim olgeta animal na diwai i stap long sampela ples (COMMUNITY) i save kaikai em wanem samting.

FORAMEN	Nem bilong hul i step long bun. Rot wailis (NERVE) na rop bilong blut i save kamaut long FORAMEN.
FOSSAE (s.FOSSA)	Nem bilong olgeta hul i no daun tumas i step long bodi.
FOSSIL	Nem bilong olpela hap long diwai na animal. Nau bihain em i step insait long graun long planti taim tru. Bihain planti krismas i go pinis na dispela hap bilong diwai or hap bilong animal i kamap olsem ston.
FROND	Nem bilong lip bilong FERN na Palm. (Fig. 19 page 35).
FUNGUS	Nem bilong wampela kain liklik diwai. (ASCOMYCETES, BASIDIOMYCETES). Sampela FUNGUS i save kaikai skin bilong animal na diwai. Talinga em i bikpela FUNGUS.
GALL BLADDER	Nem bilong liklik bilum i step insait long bel. GALL BLADDER i save holim sampela kain marasin (BILE) i halpim brukbrukim gris. (Fig. 15 page 28).
GAMETANGIA	Nem bilong wampela hap bilong sampela kain diwai. Kiau bilong meri na man (GAMETE) bilong diwai i kamap long dispela GAMETANGIA.

GAMETE	Nem bilong kieu bilong man (SPERM) na kieu bilong meri (OVUM, OVULE). Olgeta animal na diwai sapos i gat SEXUAL REPRODUCTION em i gat tupela kain GAMETE.
GANGLION	Nem bilong taim long planti CELL bilong rot wailis (NERVE) i bung wantaim.
GASTRIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap long hap bel (STOMACH) i save brukbrukim kaikai. (DIGESTION).
GENE	Nem bilong liklik hap long liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL. Wanpela CHROMOSOME em i gat planti GENE i stap long em. Wanpela GENE i gat save long mekim wanpela kain liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) tasol. Naubihain, kain kain PROTEIN i bung wantaim na mekim nupela mit na gras na ai na lip na plaua na olgeta samting bilong animal na diwai.
GENITAL	Nem bilong sem bilong man na meri.
GENUS	Nem bilong wanpela hap long olgeta nem bilong animal na diwai (CLASSIFICATION). GENUS i stap daunbilo long FAMILY, na wanpela GENUS i gat planti liklik lain (SPECIES) bilong em.

GEOLOGICAL
PERIODS AND
ERAS

Nem bilong taim bipo bipo tru.

Nem bilong ERA.

Nem bilong PERIOD

Em wanem taim i kamap
long pastaim tru.

mya = milin krismas bipo.

CENOZOIC

QUATERNARY
TERTIARY

1.5 mya
65 mya

MESOZOIC

CRETACEOUS
JURASSIC
TRIASSIC

135 mya
190 mya
225 mya

PALEOZOIC

PERMIAN
CARBONIFEROUS
DEVONIAN
SILURIAN
ORDOVICIAN
CAMBRIAN

280 mya
345 mya
395 mya
440 mya
500 mya
570 mya

PRE-CAMBRIAN

GEOTAXIS

Nem bilong pasin bilong animal i save wokabaut
i kam or wokabaut i go long pawa bilong graun i
pulim daun (GRAVITY).

GEOTROPISM

Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai i save kamap long
pawa bilong graun i pulim daun (GRAVITY).

GERMINATION

Nem bilong taim pikinini diwai (SEED) i
kamap diwai.

GESTATION

Nem bilong taim pikinini i stat (FERTILIZATION)
na i kamap.

GIBBERELLIN

Nem bilong sampela kain marasin (HORMONE) i
stap insait long diwai. GIBBERELLIN i helpim
stik (STEM) i kamap longpela na helpim plaua
bilong diwai i kamap na prut olsem.

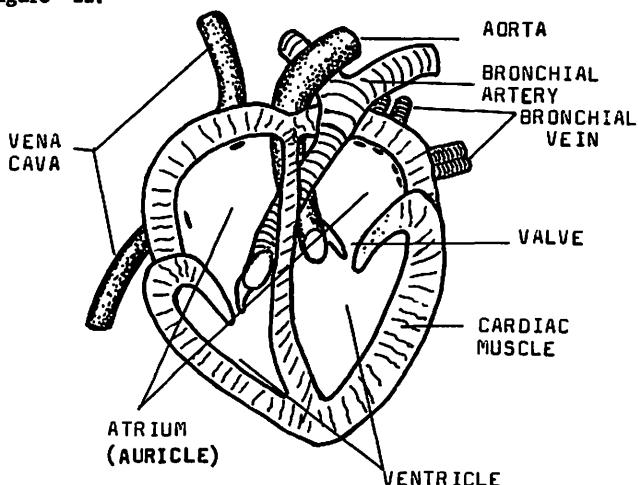
GILL	Nem bilong sampela samting i stap insait long animal bilong wara na solwara. GILL em i olsem wapel a kain mit (ORGAN) i save pulim win long wara.
GLAND	Nem bilong wapel a CELL or planti CELL i bung wantaim. GLAND i save mekim marasin (HORMONE, ENZYME). Nau bihain marasin i kamaut long GLAND i go insait long rop bilong blut or go insait arapela kain mit i stap insait long bodi.
GLOMERULUS (pl.GLOMERULI)	Nem bilong as bilong wapel a mit (KIDNEY) bilong bodi i save mekim pispis.
GLUCOSE	Nem bilong wapel a kain suga.
GOLGI APPARATUS	Nem bilong wapel a kain liklik rum tru (ORGANELLE) i stap insait long CELL. GOLGI APPARATUS i save mekim sampela kain marasin bilong CELL. (Fig. 9 page 18).
GONAD	Nem bilong hap long bodi i save mekim kiau bilong meri (OVUM) na kiau bilong man (SPERM). Tupela ol i kalim GAMETE.
GRAVITY	Nem bilong pawa bilong graun i pulim olgeta samting i go daun.
GUT	Nem bilong bal.
GUTTATION	Nem bilong taim lip diwai na gras i gat wara nabaut long morning taim.

GYMNOSPERMS	Nem bilong wanpela lain bilong bikpela diwai. GYMNOSPERM em i no gat plawa. CONIFER bilong lain long GYMNOSPERM. Tok piksa: Klinky Pine em i wanpela GYMNOSPERM.
GYNOECIUM	Nem bilong olgeta meri sem bilong diwai i stap long plawa bilong em.
HABITAT	Nem bilong sampela ples i gat wanpela kain ENVIRONMENT. Nau animal na diwai i save sindaun gut long HABITAT bilong em. Tok piksa: graun i stap klostu long solwara em i wanpela kain HABITAT.
HAIR	Nem bilong gras bilong lain long MAMMAL.
HALOPHYTE	Nem bilong kain kain diwai i save sindaun gut long ples i gat planti sol i stap long graun.
HAPLOID	Nem bilong CELL i gat wanpela hap long tupela CHROMOSOME.

HEART

Nem bilong wapela hap long bodi bilong animal, ol i kalim hat. HEART i save muvim blut i go raun long bodi. HEART em i cleem pamp bilong bodi. Piksa bilong hat i stap daunbilo:

Figure 22.



HEARTWOOD

Nem bilong kain diwai i stap insait long namel long stik bilong bikpela diwai. HEARTWOOD em i olpela rot bilong karim kaikai na wara (VASCULAR BUNDLE). HEARTWOOD em i strongpela tru, na i save mekim bikpela diwai i sanap strongpela i no pundaun.

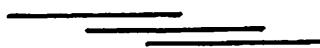
HEMAL

Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong blut.

HEMIPTERA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) bilong binatang (INSECT). Em i gat foapela WING bilong em. Nau tupela i stap antap hap bilong em i strong na arapela hap em i no strong tumas. Binatang bilong HEMIPTERA em i save kaikai ware bilong lip na stik diwai.
HEMOGLOBIN	Nem bilong sampela samting i stap insait long blut bilong sampela animal. HEMOGLOBIN i save karim win.
HERMAPHRODITE	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai. Sapos animal na diwai em i HERMAPHRODITE em i save mekim man kiau na meri kiau (GAMETES) wantaim.
HERB	Nem bilong sampela kain diwai i no gat strong-pela stik i stap antap long graun long olgeta taim.
HIBERNATE	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i stap long ples kol (TEMPERATE). Nau taim i kamap planti kol tumas, sampela animal i go olsem slip i no muv long planti mun tru, nau i no dai.
HIRUDINEA	Nem bilong lain (CLASS) bilong liklik snek i save dringim blut (LEECH).
HISTONE	Nem bilong sampela liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) i stap long liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL.
HOMO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting em i olsem sampela arapela samting.

HOMONIDAE	Nem bilong lain (FAMILY) bilong man.
HOMEOTHERM	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal (MAMMAL, BIRD) i gat wapel a pilim tasol i stap insait long bodi bilong em.
HOMODONT	Nem bilong mak bilong animal i gat wapel a kain tit tasol.
HOMOLOGY	Nem bilong tupela hap bilong bodi i stap long tupela kain animal or diwai i kamap olsem long taim animal or diwai i stap insait long bel (EMBRYOLOGY). Nau bihain tupela hap bilong tupela animal or diwai i no gat wankain wok bilong em. Tok piksa: han bilong kapul na WING bilong pisin i kamap olsem. Nau bihain, kapul i save wokabaut long han bilong em na pisin i save flai long WING bilong em.
HYBRID	Nem bilong sampela pikininini bilong animal na diwai i kamap. Nau papa bilong em i wapel a kain animal or diwai na mama bilong em i arapela kain animal or diwai.
HYMEN	Nem bilong laplap (MEMBRANE) i stap long fran long bokis bilong meri i no puspus yet.
HYMENOPTERA	Nem bilong wapel a lain (ORDER) bilong binatang (INSECT). Em i gat foapela WING or em i no gat WING. Binatang i save kaikai man (BEE) na anis bilong lain HYMENOPTERA.

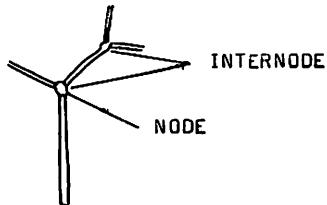
HYPHA (pl.HYPHAE)	Nem bilong liklik rop tru i stap long sampela kain liklik diwai (FUNGUS).
HYPO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat liklik samting or nem bilong sampela samting i stap daunbilo arapela samting.
HYPOCOTYL	Nem bilong hap long liklik stik bilong pikinini diwai i kamap long graun olesem kru. HYPOCOTYL i stap daunbilo lip bilong kru (COTYLEDON).
IAA (INDOLE ACETIC ACID)	Nem bilong wanpela marasin (HORMONE) i stap insait long diwai. IAA i save bosim haumas diwai i kamap.
ILEUM	Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong liklik rot bilong kaikai (SMALL INTESTINE). ILEUM em i stap klostu long bikpela rot bilong kaikai (LARGE INTESTINE).
ILIUM	Nem bilong hap bilong bun bilong baksait long lek (PELVIC GIRDLE). ILIUM i save holim lek na i joinim long wanpela bun bilong baksait (VERTEBRAE). (Fig. 38 page 92).
IMBRICATE	Nem bilong taim wanpela samting step antap long arapela samting. Piksa bilong IMBRICATE em i olesem:



IMMUNITY	Nem bilong taim sapos liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA) i go inseit long bodi bilong sampela animal. Nau animal i save pait long liklik binatang tru. Nau liklik binatang i no ken kaikai animal.
IMPERFECT FLOWER	Nem bilong sampela kain plaua i gat sem bilong meri or sem bilong man plaua tasol i no gat tupela kain sem wantaim.
INDIGENOUS	Nem bilong olgeta animal na diwai i sindaun long wanelala hap long olgeta taim. Nau tumbuna bilong dispela animal na diwai em i stap long hap olesem long planti taim bipo.
INFLORESCENCE	Nem bilong stik bilong diwai i gat plaua i stap long em. Diwai i gat planti kain kain long INFLORESCENCE.
INGEST	Nem bilong taim animal i kaikai samting.
INHERITANCE	Nem bilong olgeta mak bilong animal i kamapim long papa na mama bilong em.
INSECT (INSECTA)	Nem bilong lain (CLASS) bilong binatang. Mak bilong INSECTA em i olesem: em i gat tripela hap long bodi, na em i gat sikispela lek, na tupela mas (ANTENNAE) bilong het. Nau planti INSECT i gat WING.
INSECTIVOROUS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i save kaikai binatang (INSECT).

INSERTION	Nem bilong hap long mit (MUSCLE) i pasim long hap long bun i save muv.
INSTINCT	Nem bilong sampala pasin bilong animal. Animal i no lainim dispela pasin. INSTINCT i kamap long em yet. Tok piksa: mama pisin i save givim kaikai long pikinini bilong em. Em i no lainim dispela, em i kamap long INSTINCT tasol.
INTEGUMENT	Nem bilong ausait skin bilong animal na pikinini (SEED) bilong diwai.
INTER-	Nem bilong sampala samting i stap namel long arapela samting.
INTERCELLULAR	Nem bilong samting i stap long namel long CELL.
INTERNODE	Nem bilong hap long stik (STEM) diwai i stap namel long tupela hap long lip i kamap.

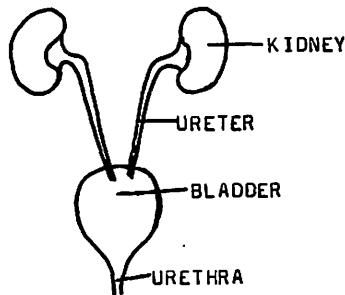
Figure 23.



INTESTINE	Nem bilong rot bilong kaikai. Kaikai i kamaut long INTESTINE i go insait long bodi. Olsem pipia i go ausait long bodi long INTESTINES. (Fig. 15 page 28).
INTERPHASE	Nem bilong hap long taim wapela CELL i kamap tupela nupela CELL (MITOSIS, MEIOSIS) INTERPHASE em i taim CELL i mekim nupela liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long em. (Fig. 27 page 60).
INTRACELLULAR	Nem bilong samting i stap insait long CELL.
INVERTEBRATE	Nem bilong olgeta animal i no gat bun (VERTEBRAE) bilong baksait.
IN VITRO	Nem bilong taim sampela man i laik kisim save long samting bilong wapela hap bilong animal or diwai. Pastaim man i rausim wapela hap long animal or diwai na bihain em i putim insait sampela glas na lukim na wokim samting long em.
IN VIVO	Nem bilong taim man i laik kisim save long wapela samting long animal or diwai i lukim dispela samting long animal or diwai. Nau em i no rausim em dispela hap.
IRIS	Nem bilong wapela hap bilong ai i gat kala. (Fig. 17 page 34).
ISCHIUM	Nem bilong wapela hap bilong bun bilong baksait lek (PELVIC GIRDLE). (Fig. 38 page 92).

ISOPTERA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) bilong binatang (INSECT). Ol i kalim anis bilong kaikai haus (TERMITE).
JAW	Nem bilong bun ol i kalim wasket or wisket.
JEJENUM	Nem bilong wanpela hap long liklik rot bilong kaikai (SMALL INTESTINE). JEJUNUM i stap long namel long tupela hap long SMALL INTESTINE.
JOINT	Nem bilong skru bilong bun.
JUGULAR VEIN	Nem bilong rop bilong blut (VEIN) i stap long hat i karim blut i go long hat.
KARYOTYPE	Nem bilong piksa bilong olgeta liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL bilong wanpela animal or diwai.
KIDNEY	Nem bilong tupela mit i stap insait long bodi i save mekim pispis na rausim rabis wara bilong bodi:

Figure 24.

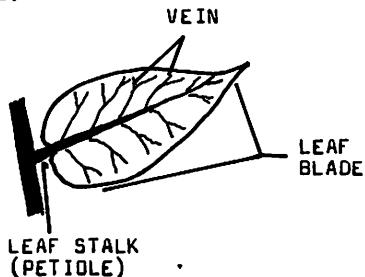


KILOCALORIE	Nem bilong wampela tauzen CALORIE.
LABIAL	Nem bilong wampela olgeta samting bilong arare long maus ol i kalim lip.
LABIUM	Nem bilong arere bilong maus i stap antap long maus bilong binatang (INSECT).
LACTATION	Nem bilong taim meri save mekim susu bilong em.
LAMELLAE (s.LAMELLA)	Nem bilong olsem laplap long CELL ol i kalim MEMBRANE. LAMELLAE i stap long sampela hap long animal or diwai.
LARGE INTESTINE	Nem bilong bikpela rot bilong kaikai i stap daunbilo SMALL INTESTINE. Nau LARGE INTESTINE i karim pekpek i go long as. (Fig. 15 page 28).
LARVAE (s.LARVA)	Nem bilong pikinini bilong sampela kain animal. Nau pikinini em i no lukluk olsem papa na mama bilong em. Nau bihain, LARVAE i kamap bikpela i lukluk olsem papa na mama bilong em. Tok piksa: sampela liklik snek (CATERPILLAR) em i pikinini (LARVAE) bilong bataplai.

LARYNX Nem bilong hap long mambu bilong karim
win (TRACHEA). LARYNX i stap klostu
long baksait long maus (PHARYNX).
(Fig. 26 page 54).

LEAF Nem bilong lip diwai.

Figure 25.



LEAF BLADE Nem bilong bikpela hap long lip diwai.
(Fig. 25 page 52).

LEAF STALK Nem bilong stik bilong lip i pasim lip long
stik diwai. LEAF STALK em i olsem
PETIOLE. (Fig. 25 page 52).

LEECH Nem bilong liklik snek i save dringim blut.

LENS Nem bilong wapela hap long ai bilong sampela
kain animal. LENS em i liklik windo
olsem kamera i helpim ai save lukluk.
(Fig. 17 page 34).

LEPIDOPTERA Nem bilong wapela lain (ORDER) bilong
binatang (INSECT) i gat bataplai.

LEUKOCYTE Nem bilong wapela kain CELL i stap insait
long blut. LEUKOCYTE em i witpela
na em i save kilim liklik binatang tru
(BACTERIA) i go insait long bodi.

LICHEN	Nem bilong wampela sotpela liklik diwai. LICHEN em i FUNGUS na ALGAE i save bung wantaim. (SYMBIOSIS). LICHEN i no gat lip na stik (STEM) na as (ROOT) bilong em. LICHEN em i save sindaun antap long diwai na atan.
LIGAMENT	Nem bilong wampela kain rop i pasim tupela bun bilong skru.
LIGULE	Nem bilong liklik hap long sampela kain diwai. LIGULE em i stap klostu long stik bilong diwai.
LIMNOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong wara na riva.
LINGUAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong tang.
LIPASE	Nem bilong sampela marasin (ENZYME) i stap insait long rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE) bilong animal. LIPASE i helpim brukbrukim gris.
LIPIDS	Nem bilong gris.
LIVER	Nem bilong wampela bikpela mit (GLAND, ORGAN) i stap insait long bodi ol i kalim leva. LIVER i save wokim planti long helpim bodi. LIVER i holim sampela kain suga, na i save rausim sampela gip i stap insait long bodi. LIVER i save mekim sampela marasin (BILE) i helpim brukbrukim gris. Nau LIVER i helpim mekim retpela CELL bilong blut (ERYTHROCYTE).

LUMBAR

Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap long baksait daunbilo tru. Tok piksa: bun bilong baksait i stap klostu LUMBAR ol i kalim LUMBAR VERTEBRAE.

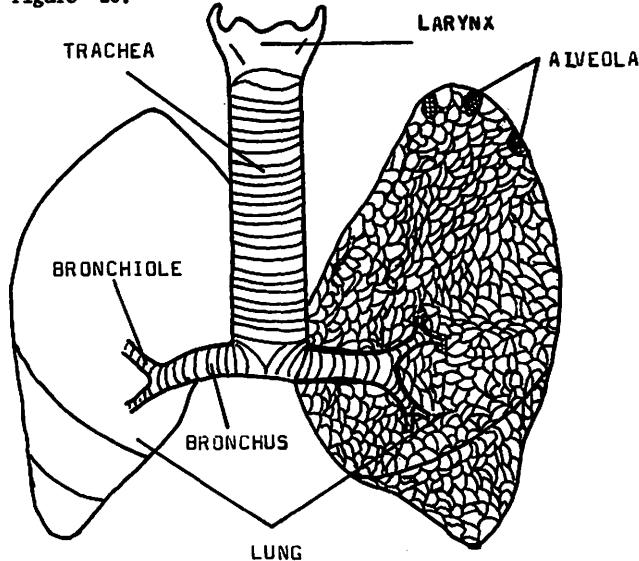
LUMEN

Nem bilong hul i stap long insait long olgeta mambu i stap insait long bodi. Olsem hul i stap insait long rop bilong blut na rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE). Nau LUMEN em i stap insait sampela kain CELL bilong diwai. (Fig. 42 page 111).

LUNG

Nem bilong witleva. LUNG i stap insait long bodi bilong sampela kain animal i save pulim win. LUNG em i olsem bilum i pulapim long win. Nau win i kamaut long LUNG i go insait long blut:

Figure 26.



LYMPH	Nem bilong sampela kain wara i stap insait long bodi. LYMPH em i gat liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) na sampela CELL i stap insait long LYMPH.
LYSOSOME	Nem bilong sampela kain rum (ORGANELLE) i stap long insait long CELL. Sampela marasin i stap insait long LYSOSOME i save kilim CELL sapos marasin bilong LYSOSOME i kamaut. (Fig. 9 page 18).
MACRO-	Nem bilong olgeta bikpela samting.
MACROPHAGOUS	Nem bilong pasin bilong animal i save kaikai bikpela kaikai.
MAGGOT	Nem bilong liklik snek. Em i pikinini (LARVAE) bilong flai.
MALARIA	Nem bilong wapel a kain sik i kamap long liklik binatang tru (PROTOZOA). Em i gat wapel a CELL tasol i go insait long bodi bilong man na mekim sik. Wapel a binatang, ol i kalim moskito i karim (VECTOR) dispela PROTOZOA. Nau taim moskito i kaikai man, bihain PROTOZOA i go insait skin na mekim man i kamap sik long MALARIA.
MALLOPHAGA	Nem bilong wapel a lain (ORDER) long binatang (INSECT). MALLOPHAGA em i liklik binatang, na em i save kaikai skin na gras bilong pisin tasol.

MAMMAL (MAMMALIA)	Nem bilong wapela lain (CLASS) bilong animal. Em i gat gras, na meri bilong MAMMAL i gat susu. Pik na man na kapul olgeta bilong lain long MAMMAL.
MANDIBLE	Nem bilong bun ol i kolim wasket or wisket i stap daumbilo long maus bilong sampela kain animal (VERTEBRATE). (Fig. 38 page 92).
MARINE	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal or diwai i save sindaun gut long solwara.
MARROW	Nem bilong kru i stap insait long bun. MARROW em i save mekim CELL bilong blut.
MARSUPIAL	Nem bilong wapela lain bilong animal. Nau meri bilong MARSUPIAL i gat wapela paus i stap long fran long bel, na pikinini i stap insait long dispala paus. Plantu animal bilong Papua New Guinea bilong lain long MARSUPIAL, alsem kapul na sumut.
MAXILLA	Nem bilong bun i stap antap long maus bilong sampela kain animal (VERTEBRATE). (Fig. 38 page 92).
MEDIAN	Nem bilong olgeta hap bilong bodi i stap klostu long nemel long bodi. (Fig. 3 page 6).
MEGA-	Nem bilong bikpela samting.
MEGAPHYLL	Nem bilong wapela kain lip diwai. MEGAPHYLL i gat planti rop bilong lip (VEIN). Na rop bilong lip (VEIN) em i gat han bilong em.

MEIOSIS	Nem bilong taim wanpela hap bilong bodi i save mekim kiau (SPERM) or meri kiau (OVUM). Nau sampela CELL i stap insait long hap (GONAD) bilong bodi i save mekim kiau. Dispela kain CELL i ken i kamap foapela nupela CELL. Dispela wok long mekim nupela CELL long kiau em i MEIOSIS.
MELANIN	Nem bilong sampela samting olaem marasin i save mekim skin na gras bilong animal i kamap dak.
MEMBRANE	Nem bilong ausait skin bilong olgeta CELL. Sampela samting i save go insait long MEMBRANE. (Fig. 9 page 18).
MENOPAUSE	Nem bilong taim meri i no lukim mun sik. Olaem meri i no save mekim kiau (OVUM) bilong em moa (OVULATION).
MENSTRUATION	Nem bilong taim mun i lukim meri. Em i taim meri i rausim kiau (OVUM) bilong em sapos man kiau (SPERM) i no bung wantaim long meri. (FERTILIZATION).
MERISTEM	Nem bilong wanpela hap long diwai. Nau CELL i stap long MERISTEM i kamap bikpela kuik taim tru.
MESIC	Nem bilong ples i gat planti wara i stap.
MESODERM	Nem bilong skin bilong pikinini (EMBRYO) i stap insait long bel (UTERUS) bilong meri. MESODERM i stap long namel long insait skin (ENDODERM) na ausait skin (ECTODERM) bilong EMBRYO. Nau bihain blut na mit (MUSCLE) na bun i kamap long MESODERM.

MESOPHYTE	Nem bilong olgeta kain diwai i save sindaun long ples i gat wara inap.
MESOZOIC	Nem bilong wapelala taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 225 milin krismes bipo i pinis 65 milin krismes bipo.
META-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap bihain long arapela samting.
METABOLISM	Nem bilong samting olgeta animal na diwai i save wokim insait long bodi bilong em. METABOLISM em i taim bodi i brukbrukim kaikai na mekim pawa long em. Olsem METABOLISM em i taim bodi save mekim bikpela mit long liklik hap long mit (AMINO ACID). ANABOLISM na CATABOLISM em i tupela hap bilong METABOLISM.
METAMORPHOSIS	Nem bilong taim bilong sampela animal i gat pikinini i no lukluk olsem mama or papa bilong em (LARVAE). Nau METAMORPHOSIS em i taim long senis long dispela LARVAE i kamap bikpela.
METAPHASE	Nem bilong wapelala hap long taim bilong wapelala CELL i mekim nupela CELL (MITOSIS, MEIOSIS). METAPHASE em i taim liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL i mekim lain long namel long CELL. (Fig. 27 page 60).
METAZOA	Nem bilong bikpela lain tru bilong olgeta animal i gat moa yet long wapelala CELL.
MICRO-	Nem bilong olgeta liklik samting tru.

MICROPHYLL	Nem bilong kain lip diwai. Em i gat wanpela VEIN bilong em tasol.
MICROSCOPE	Nem bilong masin i save lukim liklik samting tru.
MIMICRY	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal. Sapos wanpela kain animal em i no gutpela long kaikai, na arapela kain animal em gutpela long kaikai. Nau dispela animal i gutpela long kaikai em i lukluk olsem arapela animal i no gutpela long kaikai tumas. Nau bihain arapela animal i no laik kaikai dispela tupela animal long wanem tupela lukluk wankain.
MITOCHONDRION (pl.MITOCHONDRIA)	Nem bilong liklik rum (ORGANELLE) i stap insait long CELL. MITOCHONDRION i save senisim kaikai long pawa.

MITOSIS

Nem bilong taim wapela CELL i mekim tupela CELL. MITOSIS i gat fivpela hap bilong em:

INTERPHASE Em i taim CELL i slip na mekim nupela samting bilong liklik rop (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL.

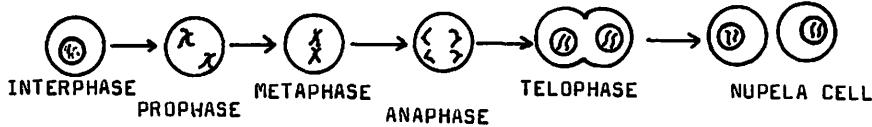
PROPHASE Em i taim CHROMOSOME i kamap bikpela.

METAPHASE Em i taim CHROMOSOME i mekim lain long namel tru long CELL.

ANAPHASE Em i taim tupela tupela CHROMOSOME i lusim namel long CELL i go long arere long CELL.

TELOPHASE Em i taim NUCLEUS i go raun long tupela tupela CHROMOSOME.

Figure 27.



MOLLUSKS (MOLLUSCA)

Nem bilong bikpela lain (PHYLUM) long animal. Bodi bilong em i no strong tumas. Sampela i gat strongpela sel bilong em. Plantu animal i gat sel bilong em bilong lain MOLLUSKS.

MOLT	Nem bilong taim sampela animal lusim skin bilong em or taim bilong pisin i lusim gras bilong em.
MONO-	Nem bilong sampela samting i gat wanpela samting tasol.
MONOCOTYLEDON	Nem bilong hap long lain bilong diwai (ANGIOSPERM) Pikinini bilong em, osem kru i gat wanpela lip (COTYLEDON) tasol. Mais em i diwai bilong MONOCOTYLEDON.
MONOECIOUS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i gat wan sem na meri sem i stap wantaim long wanpela animal or diwai.
MORPHOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting long ausait na insait mak bilong animal na diwai.
MUCOUS	Nem bilong strongpela ware i no ran kwik i stap long bodi long animal. Spetum i gat MUCOUS i stap na ai ware na kus i gat MUCOUS.
MUSCLE	Nem bilong planti hap long bodi. Animal i gat tripela kain mit bilong em. Mit bilong hanlek (VOLUNTARY MUSCLE, SKELETAL MUSCLE) mit bilong hat (CARDIAC MUSCLE) na mit bilong bel na rot bilong kaikai, na rop bilong blut (SMOOTH MUSCLE).
MUTATION	Nem bilong taim senis i kamap long liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL. Sampela MUTATION i ken senis mak bilong mit na olgeta samting i stap long bodi bilong animal na diwai.

MUTUALISM	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal. Nau tupela kain animal i bung wantaim na tupela i helpim wanpela wanpela.
MYCORRHIZA	Nem bilong sampela kain liklik diwai (FUNGUS) i bung wantaim long as bilong diwai (ROOT). MYCORRHIZA helpim diwai pulim wara na kaikai i step long graun.
MYELIN	Nem bilong wanpela kain CELL i gat planti gris (LIPID) i step. MYELIN i karamapim bikpela rot wailis (NERVE) i step inesait long bodi bilong sampela kain animal.
MYOSIN	Nem bilong wanpela liklik hap bilong mit (MUSCLE). Em i olesem liklik rop tru (FIBER, FIBRE).
MYXOMYCOPHYTA	Nem bilong wanpela kain liklik animal or diwai tru. Em i gat mak bilong animal na diwai olesem. MYXOMYCOPHYTA i gat wanpela CELL tasol.
NARES	Nem bilong hul bilong nus (NOSTRIL) bilong sampela kain animal.
NASAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong nus.
NATURAL HISTORY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong olgeta pasin bilong animal na diwai. Tok piksa: taim pikinini i kamap, na haumas taim animal i kamap bikpela, em i sampela hap long NATURAL HISTORY.

NATURAL SELECTION

Nem bilong wanpela lo bilong EVOLUTION i tok: Sapos wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES) bilong animal or diwai i get planti kain kain mak bilong em. Nau sapos sampela animal or diwai bilong dispela lain i gat gutpela mak bilong em, na dispela gutpela mak i helpim animal or diwai sindaun gut long ples bilong em. Nau sapos arapela animal or diwai bilong lain wankain i no gat gutpela mak bilong em. Nau bihain dispela animal or diwai i get gutpela mak i save mekim planti pikini bilong em i kamap. Dispela i winim arapela animal or diwai i no got dispela gutpela mak bilong em. Nau taim planti krismas bihain tru, ples bilong dispela animal or diwai i get planti long animal or diwai i get gutpela mak bilong em. Nau i no gat planti animal or diwai i no gat gutpela mak bilong em.

NAVEL

Nem bilong hul i stap long ausait long bel. Ol i kolim as bilong bel.

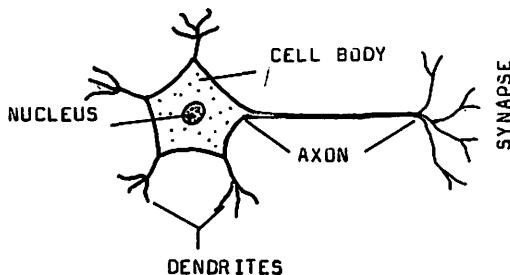
NEOTENY

Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal i gat sampela mak bilong pikinini long taim i kamap bikpela tru.

NERVE

Nem bilong rot wailis i stap insait long bedi bilong animal. NERVE save bosim olgeta mit na olgeta samting i stap insait long bodi.

Figure 28.
Piksa bilong NERVE



NEURON	Nem bilong CELL bilong rot wailis (NERVE).
NEUTER	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal i no gat sem bilong em.
NICHE	Nem bilong olgeta pasin bilong animal na diwai. Tok piksa: NICHE i tok save long wanem samting animal i save kaikai, na i save em wanem hap animal na diwai i save sindaun, na haumas pikinini animal na diwai i save mekim, na planti samting moa yet. Olgeta samting bilong animal na diwai bung wantaim na mekim NICHE bilong animal na diwai. Olgeta lain long animal na diwai i gat wampela kain NICHE bilong em yet.
NODE	Nem bilong wampela hap long atik diwai (STEM). Nau lip diwai i kamap long NODE. (Fig. 23 page 48).
NOSTRIL	Nem bilong hul i stap long nus bilong animal.
NOTOCHORD	Nem bilong wampela kain mambu i stap long baksait long sampela kain animal (CHORDATE).
NUCLEUS	Nem bilong wampela kain liklik rum tru (ORGANELLE) i stap insait long sampela kain CELL (EUKARYOTE). Liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL stap insait long NUCLEUS i save mekim nupela CELL. (Fig. 9 page 18).

NUCLEOLUS	Nem bilong liklik rum tru i stap insait long NUCLEUS i stap insait long CELL. NUCLEOLUS i save mekim RNA. (Fig. 9 page 18).
NUTRITION	Nem bilong samting i tok save em wanem kain kaikai em i gutpela na em wanem kain kaikai i save helpim animal i kamap strongpela.
NYMPH	Nem bilong pikinini bilong sampela kain binatang (INSECT) i lukluk olsem bikpela INSECT.
OBLIGATE	Nem bilong sampela samting animal na diwai i mas wokim. Sapos i no wokim dispela i go dai pinis tasol. Tok piksa: sapos sampela animal i mas pulim win sapos or i go dai pinis. Ol i kalim dispela OBLIGATE AEROBIC RESPIRATION.
OCULAR	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong ai or nem bilong wanpela hap long MICROSCOPE.
ODONATA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) bilong binatang (INSECT). ODONATA i gat foapela longpela wing.
OESTROGEN (ESTROGEN)	Olsem nem long ESTROGEN.
OLFACATORY	Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong nus i save pilim i smel.

OMMATIDIUM Nem olsem FACET. (Fig. 18 page 34).
(pl. OMMATIDIA)

OMNIVOROUS Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal i save kaikai planti kain kain animal na diwai.

OOCYTE Nem bilong wanpela kain CELL i step insait long hap (OVARY) long meri. Bihaian OOCYTE i kamap kiau (OVUM) bilong meri.

OPERCULUM Nem bilong sampela bun bilong fis i karamapim GILL bilong em.

Figure 29.



OPPOSITE LEAF GROWTH Nem bilong stik bilong diwai i gat wanpela lip i kamap long wanpela sait long stik na arapela lip i kamaut long arasait.

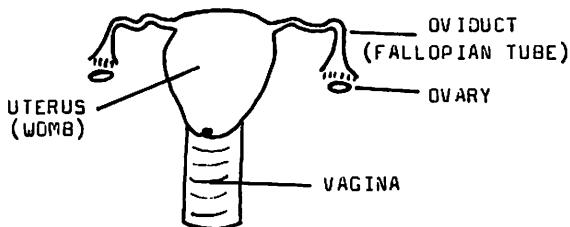
Figure 30.



OPTIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong lukim samting na bilong ai.
ORAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong maus or klostu long maus.
ORCHID	Nem bilong wapelala kain diwai i gat plaua. Na planti ORCHID i save sindaun long arapela kain diwai (EPIPHYTE).
ORDOVICIAN	Nem bilong wapelala taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 500 milin briemas bipo na i pinis 440 milin krismas bipo.
ORGAN	Nem bilong sampela hap long animal na diwai i save wokim samting long bodi bilong em. Tok piksa: hat em i ORGAN bilong animal i save muvim blut nabaut long bodi. Na as bilong diwai (ROOT) em i ORGAN bilong diwai i save pulim wara long graun.
ORGANELLE	Nem bilong olgeta liklik rum tru i stap insait sampela kain CELL (EUKARYOTE). Dispela kain CELL i gat planti kain kain ORGANELLE bilong em. ORGANELLE i save helpim CELL wok. (Fig. 9 page 18).
ORGANIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat laip nau or i gat laip bipo.
ORGANISM	Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat laip. Tok piksa: binatang na liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA) na olgeta animal na olgeta diwai em i ORGANISM.

ORIENTAL	Nem bilong wanpela ples bilong graun i gat animal (ZOOGEOGRAPHY). ORIENTAL i stap long India na hap long Asia.
ORIGIN	Nem bilong as ples bilong animal na diwai.
ORTHOPTERA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) long binatang (INSECT). ORTHOPTERA i gat foapela wing bilong em. Nau tupela i stap antap, em i strongpela, nau tupela i stap ananit em i no strongpela tumas. Kokoros na grashap bilong lain long ORTHOPTERA.
OSSIFICATION	Nem bilong taim sampela hap long bodi i mekim sampela bun, nau bihain i kamap strongpela.
OSTEICHTHYES	Nem bilong wanpela lain (CLASS) long pis i gat sampela bun i stap insait long bodi. Tuna na melisa na mausgras na kot na bikmaus na planti kain kain pis moa yet bilong OSTEICHTHYES.
OVARY	Nem bilong hap long bel bilong meri bilong sampela kain animal i save mekim liklik kiau bilong (OVUM) meri, or OVARY em i nem bilong wanpela hap long meri plaua i save mekim liklik kiau (OVULE) bilong meri plaua.

Figure 31.



OVIDUCT	Nem bilong liklik rot i stap insait long bel bilong meri i save karim liklik kiau bilong meri (OVUM). I lusim i go long OVARY i kam long hap bilong meri (UTERUS) i save wokim pikinini. (Fig. 31 page 68).
OVIPAROUS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal i save karim kiau. Tok piksa: Olgeta pisin na sampela palai na loklok na pis i save putim kiau, em i OVIPAROUS.
OOVIVIPAROUS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal. Nau pikinini bilong em i save kamap long bel bilong meri. Nau meri i no save putim kiau. Mama bilong dispela pikinini i no helpim pikinini long kamap bikpela.
OVULATION	Nem bilong taim liklik kiau (OVUM) bilong meri i kamap na kamaut long rot bilong kiau bilong meri (OVIDUCT).
OVULE	Nem bilong kiau bilong meri plaua i kamap pikinini diwai (SEED) long taim man kiau (SPERM, POLLEN) na meri kiau bung wantaim.
OVUM (pl.OVA)	Nem bilong liklik kiau bilong meri bilong animal.
OXYGEN	Nem bilong wampela hap long win. Plant animal na diwai i mas pulim OXYGEN (AEROBIC). Sapos i no pulim OXYGEN em i go dai pinis (OBLIGATE). OXYGEN i helpim METABOLISM i stap insait long bodi.
PACEMAKER	Nem bilong wampela liklik hap bilong hat i save bosim taim hat i pamp.

PALATE	Nem bilong antap long maus.
PALEO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong olgeta olpela samting. Tok piksa: PALEOBOTANY em i nem bilong lainim samting bilong olpela diwai tru.
PALEONTOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong olgeta samting bilong animal or diwai i kamap bipo tru (FOSSIL).
PANCREAS	Nem bilong wanpela kain mit (ORGAN) i stap insait long bodi. PANCREAS i stap klostu liklik rot bilong kaikai (SMALL INTESTINE) long sampela kain animal. PANCREAS i save mekim planti kain kain marasin (ENZYME) long helpim bel brukbrukim kaikai. Olsem PANCREAS em i gat arapela kain marasin (HORMONE) i save senisim suga i stap insait long blut long arapela kain samting. (Fig. 15 page 28).
PARA-	Nem bilong samting i stap klostu long sampela arapela samting.
PARASITE	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i save stap insait (ENDOPARASITE) or ausait (ECTOPARASITE) long arapela animal or diwai. PARASITE save kaikai dispela animal or diwai.
PARENCHYMA	Nem bilong wanpela kain CELL bilong diwai. Banis bilong PARENCHYMA CELL em i no strongpela tumas. PARENCHYMA CELL i stap long insait long stik (STEM) diwai.

PARTHENOGENESIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai. Nau kiau bilong meri (OVUM, OVULE) em yet i kamap pikinini. Man kiau (SPERM) i no bung wantaim long em (FERTILIZATION).
PATELLA	Nem bilong liklik bun i stap antap long skru bilong lek (KNEE). (Fig. 38 page 92).
PATERNAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong papa.
PATHOGEN	Nem bilong olgeta animal i save mekim sik.
PATHOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong sik.
PECTORAL GIRDLE	Nem bilong tupela bun i holimpas longpela bun bilong han (HUMERUS), ol i kalim solda. PECTORAL GIRDLE em i gat tupela bun bilong em. Bikpela bun ol i kalim SCAPULA na liklik bun ol i kalim CLAVICLE.
PELAGIC	Nem bilong olgeta animal na diwai i save sindaun long solwara i no klostu long graun arere long solwara.
PELVIC GIRDLE	Nem bilong olgeta bun bilong baksait lek i save holimpas bun bilong lek (FEMUR) long bodi bilong sampela animal. PELVIC GIRDLE i gat tripela bun bilong em ILEUM na ISCHIUM na PUBIS. (Fig. 38 page 92).
PENIS	Nem bilong kok.
PENT-	Nem bilong samting i gat fivpela samting.
PEPTIDE	Nem bilong hap long liklik mit tru (PROTEIN). PEPTIDE em planti liklik hap long PROTEIN i bung wantaim.

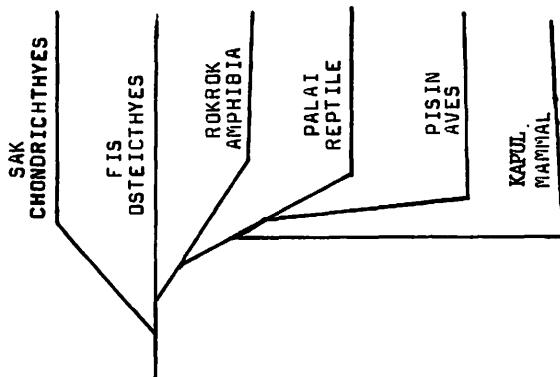
PERENNIAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela diwai i save kamap long planti krismas.
PERFECT FLOWER	Nem bilong mak bilong sampela plaua i get sem bilong man (STAMENS) na sem bilong meri (CARPEL) i stap wantaim. (Fig. 21 page 37).
PERI-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong karamapim samting.
PERICARDIUM	Nem bilong bilum long planti CELL i karamapim hat bilong animal.
PERICARP	Nem bilong banis i stap long ausait long sem bilong meri plaua.
PERIDERM	Nem bilong laplap bilong diwai i stap insait long stik (STEM) i save mekim tuptup (CORK).
PERIPHERAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap arere long sampela arapsela samting. Tok piksa: PERIPHERAL BLOOD VESSELS em rot bilong blut i stap long arere long bodi.
PERISTALSIS	Nem bilong wok bilong rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINES), na rot i karim kaikai i go long bel (OESOPHAGUS, ESOPHAGUS). PERISTALSIS i save muvim kaikai long rot bilong kaikai na rot i karim kaikai i go long bel.
PERITONEUM	Nem bilong bilum long CELL i stap insait long bel, na PERITONEUM i stap arere long bel.

PERMIAN	Nem bilong taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap long 280 milin kriomas bipo na i pinis 225 milin kriomas bipo.
PETAL	Nem bilong hap long plaua i gat kala. (Fig. 20 page 36).
PETIOLE	Nem bilong liklik stik i stap long lip diwai olsem as bilong lip. (Fig. 25 page 52).
pH	Nem bilong skelim long haumas marasin i save kukim skin (ACID) i stap.
PHAGE	Nem bilong liklik samting tru. Em i klostu samting i gat laip. PHAGE i gat tupela hap bilong em, liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) na DNA or RNA. PHAGE i save kilim liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA).
PHAGOCYTOSIS	Nem bilong wok bilong CELL i save kaikai liklik samting i stap long ausait long CELL. PHAGOCYTOSIS i wokim olsem: hap long ausait skin (MEMBRANE) bilong em i karamapim sampela kaikai i stap long ausait long em. Nau bihain dispela MEMBRANE i pulim kaikai i go long insait CELL.
PHALANGES	Nem bilong olgeta finga bilong han na fut. (Fig. 38 page 92).
PHARYNX	Nem bilong hap long bodi i stap long baksait long maus. (Fig. 15, page 28).
PHENOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting long pasin bilong diwai. Tok piksa: lainim samting long taim plaua i kamap long diwai em wanpela hap long PHENOLOGY.

PHENOTYPE	Nem bilong olgeta mak bilong animal na diwai.
PHEROMONE	Nem bilong sampela samting bilong animal i kamaut long em. Nau win or wara i save karim PHEROMONE i go long arapela wankain animal. PHEROMONE i save sensim pasin bilong arapela animal.
PHLOEM	Nem bilong planti CELL i bung wantaim (TISSUE) bilong sampela kain diwai (TRACHEOPHYTA) i stap insait long stik diwai. PHLOEM i save muvim kaikai bilong diwai. (Fig. 39 page 96).
PHOTO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong lait.
PHOTOPERIOD	Nem bilong haumas taim long wanpela de san i kamap, nau haumas taim tu dak i kamap. PHOTOPERIOD i save senisem wok bilong diwai.
PHOTOSYNTHESIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong olgeta grinpela diwai i save mekim kaikai long wanpela hap long win na wara na lait. Nau (CHLOROPHYLL) i stap insait long sampela CELL bilong diwai (CHLORENCHYMA) i helpim senisim hap long win na wara i kamap suga. Lait i givim pawa long dispela wok.
PHOTOTAXIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i save wokabaut i go or wokabaut i kam long hap i gat lait.
PHOTOTROPISM	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai i save kamap long hap i gat lait.

PHYCOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting long liklik diwai. (ALGAE).
PHYLLOTAXIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong lip diwai long holimpas long stik (STEM) bilong em. Tok piksa: sapos wanpela lip i stap long wanpela sait long stik bilong em, na arapela lip i stap long arapela sait dispela, samting em i wanpela kain PHYLLOTAXIS.
PHYLOGENY	Nem bilong toksave long sampela lain animal or diwai i kamap long em wanem kain lain animal or diwai. Piksa bilong PHYLOGENY bilong sampela animal i stap daumbilo :

Figure 32.



PHYSIOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting bilong long wanem wok i stap insait long bodi. PHYSIOLOGY em i olesem lainim samting long METABOLISM. Na PHYSIOLOGY em i lainim samting long brukbrukim kaikai insait long bel (DIGESTION), na lainim samting long taim pikinini i kamap na planti moa samting long bodi bilong animal or diwai.
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PHYTO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong diwai.
PIGMENT	Nem bilong sampela samting bilong animal na diwai i save mekim kala.
PINNA (pl.PINNAE)	Nem bilong liklik hap long sampela lip diwai i lukluk olsem liklik lip. (Fig. 19 page 35).
PINOCYTOSIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong CELL i save dringim wara. Nau ausait skin bilong CELL (MEMBRANE) i karamapim sampela liklik wara i stap ausait long CELL nau bihain dispela MEMBRANE i pulim wara i go insait long CELL.
PISCES	Nem bilong lain bilong pis.
PISTIL	Nem bilong wapel a hap long sem bilong meri plaua (CARPEL) bilong plaua i gat planti sem i bung wantaim.
PIT	Nem bilong wapel a hap bilong banis bilong CELL (CELL WALL) bilong diwai. Nau banis bilong CELL bilong diwai em i strongpela. Nau pit em i no strong em i liklik tasol. Sampela samting i save ran long wapel a CELL i go insait long arapela CELL long PIT. PIT em i olsem liklik hul i no daun tumas.
PITH	Nem bilong hap long stik diwai (STEM). PITH i stap insait long namel long STEM. (Fig. 39 page 96).

PITUITARY	Nem bilong planti wanpela kain CELL i bung wantaim (GLAND) olsem mit i stap daunbilo long kru i stap insait long het (BRAIN). PITUITARY em i gat tupela hap bilong em, nau i save mekim planti kain kain marasin (HORMONE) i helpim bodi wok.
PLACENTA	Nem bilong bilum i stap arere long pikinini i stap insait long wanpela hap (UTERUS) long bel bilong sampela kain animal. PLACENTA i gat planti rot bilong blut bilong em. Nau OXYGEN na kaikai i stap insait long blut bilong meri i go insait long blut bilong pikinini long PLACENTA.
PLANKTON	Nem bilong liklik animal na diwai i stap long wara na solwara. PLANKTON i stap klostu antap long wara na solwara. PLANKTON em i kaikai bilong planti bikpela animal na pis i stap insait long wara na solwara.
PLANT	Nem bilong olgeta diwai. Planti kain kain PLANT i stap. Bikpela na liklik tru. FERNS, GYMNOSEPERM, ANGIOSPERMS, FUNGUS, BRYOPHYTES na ALGAE em i olgeta PLANT. Planti PLANT em i grinpela na em yet i save mekim kaikai (PHOTOSYNTHESIS).
PLASMA	Nem bilong wanpela kain wara na liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) i stap insait long blut. Nau PLASMA em i blut sapos yu rausim olgeta CELL bilong blut.

PLASTID	Nem bilong liklik bilum tru i stap insait long CELL bilong diwai. Sampela PLASTID i gat kala (PIGMENT) i stap insait long em. Arapela kain PLASTID i gat sampela gris (LIPID) na suga or liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) i stap insait. (Fig. 9 page 18).
PLEURAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap klostu long wit lewa (LUNG) na hat.
PNEUMO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong win.
POD	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong fut.
POIKILOTHERMAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal. Nau sapos ausait em i kol nau insait long bodi bilong dispela em i kol olsem long ausait bilong em. Nau sapos em i hat long ausait long dispela animal, bodi bilong em i kamap hat olsem ausait. Pis na palai na tarasel, na snek na pukpuk na rokrok olgeta em i POIKILOTHERMAL.
POLLEN	Nem bilong man kiau bilong sampela kain diwai (ANGIOSPERM, GYMNOSPERM). POLLEN i bung wantaim long meri kiau (OVULE) bilong diwai. Na bihain pikinini diwai i kamap FERTILIZATION POLLINATION).
POLLEN TUBE	Nem bilong liklik mambu i kamaut long man kiau (POLLEN) bilong diwai long taim POLLEN i bung wantaim long meri kiau bilong diwai. Nau dispela POLLEN TUBE i pasim long OVULE nau POLLEN i save go long POLLEN TUBE i go insait long OVULE.

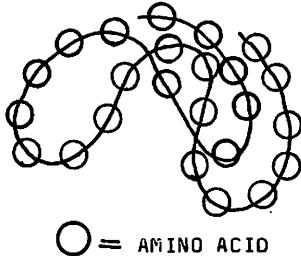
POLLINATION	Nem bilong taim man kiau bilong diwai (POLLEN) i bung wantaim long meri kiau bilong diwai (OVULE) nau bihain pikinini diwai i kamap.
POLYMORPHISM	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai na animal. Sapos wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES) long animal or diwai i gat kain kain mak bilong em, em i POLYMORPHISM. Tok piksa: sapos wanpela kapul i gat yelopela gras bilong em na arapela wantok bilong em i gat retpela gras bilong em i POLYMORPHISM.
POLYPEPTIDE	Nem bilong wanpela liklik hap long liklik mit tru (PROTEIN). Tupela na moa liklik hap long PROTEIN ol i kolim AMINO ACID i bung wantaim na mekim olsem rop.
POST-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap bihain long sampela samting.
POSTERIOR	Nem bilong sampela hap long bodi bilong animal na diwai i stap klostu long as bilong em. (Fig. 3 page 6).
PREDATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain animal i save kilim na kaikaim arapela kain animal. Tok piksa: sampela snak i lukim sampela rat, nau bihain em i kilim na kaikaim dispela. Ol i kalim dispela pasin PREDATION.
PREDATORS	Nem bilong olgeta animal i save kilim na kaikaim arapela animal.
PREGNANCY	Nem bilong taim meri animal i gat bel.

PRIMATE	Nem bilong wapela lain (ORDER) bilong animal. Plantu PRIMATE i save sindaun long diwai. Man bilong lain PRIMATE.
PRIMITIVE	Nem bilong sampela samting i kamap long taim bipo. Olsem as bilong lain long animal or diwai em i PRIMITIVE.
PRO-	Nem bilong samting i kamap long pastaim.
PROCAMBİUM	Nem bilong wapela kain CELL bilong sampela kain diwai i bung wantaim (TISSUE) i stap long stik (STEM) diwai na as (ROOT) diwai. Bihain CELL bilong PROCAMBİUM senisim long CELL i save karim kaikai (PHLOEM) na wara (XYLEM).
PROGENY	Nem bilong pikinini bilong olgeta animal na diwai.
PROKARYOTE	Nem bilong wapela kain CELL. PROKARYOTE i no gat liklik rum tru (ORGANELLE) bilong em. Nau liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA) na wapela liklik diwai tru, (CYANOPHYTA) dispela tupela i gat PROKARYOTE CELL bilong em. (Fig.7 page 12).
PROPHASE	Nem bilong wapela hap long taim long nupela CELL i kamap (MITOSIS, MEIOSIS). PROPHASE em i kamap pastaim. Liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap inseait long CELL i kamap bikpela long PROPHASE. (Fig. 27 page 60).

PROTEASE Nem bilong wanpela kain marasin (ENZYME) i stap insait long bodi. PROTEASE i save brukbrukim mit i stap insait long rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE).

PROTEINS Nem bilong wanpela liklik hap long mit. PROTEIN em i lukluk olsem liklik rop. Nau planti liklik hap tru long PROTEIN (AMINO ACID) i bung wantaim long mekim wanpela PROTEIN. Planti kain kain PROTEIN i stap insait long animal na diwai. Gras na ausait skin na mit hanlek na ai na olgeta samting bilong bodi i gat PROTEIN bilong em. Piksa bilong PROTEIN em olsem:

Piksa bilong PROTEIN



○ = AMINO ACID

Figure 33.

PROTOPLASM Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap insait long CELL sapos yu rausim olgeta liklik rum (ORGANELLE) i stap insait long CELL.

PROTOZOA Nem bilong wanpela bikpela lain (PHYLUM) long animal. PROTOZOA em i liklik tru i gat wanpela cell tasol (ACELLULAR, UNICELLULAR). PROTOZOA em i gat planti kain kain animal bilong em.

Figure 34.

Piksa bilong PROTOZOA



PROXIMAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong animal na diwai i stap klostu long namel long bodi.
PUBIS	Nem bilong wapela bun bilong bun bilong baksait lek i save holim pas bun bilong lek. PUBIS em i hap i stap long fran (VENTRAL) long PELVIC GIRDLE. (Fig. 38 page 92).
PULMONARY	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong wit lewa i save pulim win. (LUNG) Tok piksa: PULMONARY ARTERY em i nem bilong rop bilong blut i stap klostu long wit lewa (LUNG). (Fig. 22 page 43).
PUPAE (s.PUPA)	Nem bilong pikinini bilong sampela kain binatang (INSECT). Bipo em i lukluk olsem liklik snek (LARVAE), bihain em i kamap strongpela samting olsem ston, i no muv. Nau bihain, bikpela binatang i kamaut long dispela PUPAE.
PUPIL	Nem bilong hul bilong ai. Nau lait i save go insait ai long PUPIL. (Fig. 17 page 34).
QUADRAT	Nem bilong wok bilong ECOLOGY i save skelim haumas na em wanem kain diwai na animal i stap long ples bilong em.
QUADRUPED	Nem bilong animal i gat fopela fut bilong em.
QUANTUM (pl.QUANTA)	Nem bilong wapela karamap long lait.
QUATERNARY	Nem bilong wapela taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap long 1.5 milin krismes bipo i stap nau.

RACE	Nem bilong kain kain animal or diwai bilong wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES). Nau wanpela kain RACE i stap long ples bilong em (POPULATION) nau arapela RACE i stap long arapela ples. Dispela tupela RACE em i no lukluk olsem. Tok piksa: Man bilong PNG em i bilong wanpela RACE na man bilong AUSTRALIA em i bilong arapela RACE. Nau dispela tupela man bilong wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES) bilong olgeta man.
RACHIS	Nem bilong liklik stik (STEM) diwai i gat plaua i stap, or nem bilong liklik stik i gat lip diwai.
RADICLE	Nem bilong as diwai (ROOT) i stap insait long pikinini diwai (EMBRYO, SEED).
RADIUS	Nem bilong wanpela bun bilong han i stap daumbilo long skru bilong han (ELBOW). (Fig. 38 page 9).
RAIN FOREST	Nem bilong ples i gat planti ren tru. RAIN FOREST i gat planti kain kain diwai i bung wantaim. PAPUA NEW GUINEA em i gat planti RAIN FOREST i stap.
RANGE	Nem bilong wanem hap long kantri animal na. diwai i save sindaun.
RATITES	Nem bilong sampela kain pisin i no save flai. Muruk em i wanpela kain RATITE.

RECEPTACLE	Nem bilong hap bilong sampela diwai (ANGIOSPERMS) i stap antap long stik bilong plaua. Olgeta hap long plaua i stap long RECEPTACLE. Tok piksa: hap long plaua i gat kala (PETAL, COROLLA) na hap i lukluk olsem lip (SEPAL, CALYX) na man na meri sem (STAMEN, CARPAL) olgeta emi stap long RECEPTACLE. (Fig. 21 page 37).
RECEPTOR	Nem bilong wapelala hap bilong bodi i save olgeta samting bilong ausait. Tok piksa: ai i gat save long lait i stap long ausait, na ia i gat save long nois i stap long ausait long animal, na nus i gat save long smel i stap long ausait. Olgeta ai, ia, na nus, olgeta em i RECEPTOR.
RECTAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong insait long as bilong animal.
RECTUM	Nem bilong hap insait long as bilong sampela kain animal. (Fig. 15 page 28).
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC)	Nem bilong wapelala kain CELL i stap insait long blut. RBC em i retpela i save karim win i go long olgeta hap bilong bodi.
REEFS	Nem bilong samting i stap klostu long graun i stap arere long solwara. REEFS em i strongpela haus bilong liklik animal i save sindaun long solwara. Planti kain kain animal i save sindaun long REEFS.
REGENERATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i save mekim nupela hap bilong bodi bilong em sapos em i lusim olpela hap bilong em. Tok piksa: sampela kain palai i ken mekim arapela tel bilong em sapos em i lus olpela.

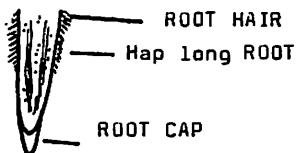
RENAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong wanpela kain mit (ORGAN) i stap insait long bodi i save mekim pispis ol i kolim KIDNEY (Fig. 24 page 50).
REPTILE (REPTILIA)	Nem bilong wanpela lain (CLASS) bilong animal. REPTILE i no gat gras bilong em. Tarasel na snek, na palai na pukpuk olgeta bilong lain REPTILIA.
RESISTANCE	Nem bilong sampela kain animal na diwai i save pait sampela sik i kamap insait long em.
RESPIRATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong olgeta animal na diwai i save usim pawa i stap long kaikai bilong em. Nau sampela animal na diwai i wokim RESPIRATION long wanpela hap long win (OXYGEN). Dispela kain RESPIRATION ol i kolim AEROBIC RESPIRATION, nau arepela kain RESPIRATION em i no usim wanpela hap long win ol i kalim ANAEROBIC RESPIRATION.
RETICULATE	Nem bilong samting i lukluk olsem umben.
RETINA	Nem bilong wanpela hap long ai bilong animal. RETINA em i stap long baksait long ai. Nau wanpela rot wailis (NERVE) i pasim long RETINA na i go long kru i stap insait long het (BRAIN). RETINA i save helpim ai lukim olgeta samting. (Fig. 17 page 34).
RHIZOID	Nem bilong gras bilong sampela kain diwai i no gat plaua. RHIZOID i stap daunbilo long graun.

RHIZOME	Nem bilong stik diwai (STEM) i stap aninit long graun. Em i no as bilong diwai. (ROOT).
RHODOPHYTA	Nem bilong wapel a kain diwai (ALGAE) em i stap long solwara. RHODOPHYTA em i gat wapel a kala em i no gat plau na lip tru na as (ROOT) bilong em.
RIB	Nem bilong sampela bun bilong banis bilong animal. Plant RIB i karamap wit lewa (LUNG). (Fig. 38 page 92).
RIBOSOME	Nem bilong wapel a liklik samting tru i stap insait long olgeta' CELL. Plant RIBOSOME i bung wantaim em i helpim CELL mekim liklik mit tru (PROTEIN). (Fig. 9 page 18).
RNA (RIBONUCLEIC ACID)	Nem bilong wapel a samting i stap insait long CELL i helpim mek liklik mit tru (PROTEIN).
RODENT (RODENTIA)	Nem bilong wapel a lain (ORDER) bilong animal. Em i gat gras na tupela longpela tit i stap antap na daunbilo long maus bilong em. RODENT i gat planti kain kain animal bilong dispela lain. Rat em i wapel a animal bilong RODENT.
RODS	Nem bilong wapel a liklik hap long ai i save helpim ai wok. RODS i no ken lukim kala em i wok sapos i no gat planti lait i stap long ausait.

ROOT Nem bilong as bilong diwai i stap long ananit long graun. ROOT i save pulim wara na arapela samting long graun i go antap long stik (STEM) na lip diwai. (Fig. 35 page 87 Fig. 41 page 106).

ROOT CAP Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong as bilong diwai (ROOT) i stap long pain long ROOT. ROOT CAP em i lukautem long ROOT long taim ROOT i muv ananit long graun.

Figure 35.

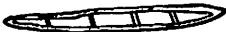


ROOT HAIR Nem bilong sampela samting olsem gras i stap long as bilong diwai. (ROOT). (Fig. 35 page 87).

RUDIMENTARY Nem bilong sampela hap long bodi bilong sampela animal bipo bipo tru i save usim dispela hap. Nau animal i no save usim dispela hap long bodi. Em i stap nating.

SAGITTAL Nem bilong wanpela lain bilong lainim samting long bodi i stap long namel long longpela hap bilong bodi. Nau dispela lain i katim long tupela hap.

SALIENTIA Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) bilong animal. Olgeta rokrok bilong lain **SALIENTIA**.

SALIVA	Nem bilong wara bilong maus. SALIVA i gat sampela kain marasin (ENZYME) i save brukbrukim kaikai.
SAPROPHYTE	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i save kaikai animal i go dai pinis na sting.
SAURIA	Nem bilong wanpela lain long animal. Palai em i lain bilong SAURIA.
SCAPULA	Nem bilong wanpela bikpela bun bilong solda (PECTORAL GIRDLE).
SCLERENCHYMA	<p>Nem bilong wanpela kain CELL i bung wantaim (TISSUE) bilong diwai.</p> <p>SCLERENCHYMA i gat strongpela banis (CELL WALL) bilong em. SCLERENCHYMA em i helpim diwai i sanap strong. Piksa:</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Figure 36.</p>
	 SCLERENCHYMA CELL
SCROTUM	Nem bilong bilum bilong bol bilong man i stap.
SCUTELLUM	Nem bilong lip bilong pikinini bilong gras diwai. (COTYLEDON).
SEASONAL	Nem bilong samting i kamap long wanpela taim long wanpela krissmas. Tok piksa: Plant pisin i save karim kiau long July-August tasol. Em i gat SEASONAL long karim kiau.

SECONDARY THICKENING	Nem bilong strongpela banis bilong CELL (CELL WALL) bilong diwai. Dispela SECONDARY THICKENING i kamap long banis i helpim diwai i kamap strongpela i no pundaun.
SECRETION	Nem bilong pasin bilong CELL i save lusim i go sampela samting olsem strongpela wara, (MUCOUS) na sampela marasin (HORMONE, ENZYME). Nau SECRETION i save muv sampela samting long CELL i go naubaut long bodi.
SEDENTARY	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i sindaun long wapel a hap tasol, i no wokabaut tumas.
SEED	Nem bilong pikinini bilong sampela kain diwai (ANGIOSPERM, GYMNOSPERM). SEED i gat planti hap bilong em i kamap long taim man kiau (SPERM) na meri kiau (OVULE) bung wantaim (POLLINATION, FERTILIZATION) i bihain pikinini i kamap.

Figure 37.

PIKSA BILONG SEED



SEGMENTATION	Nem bilong samting bilong sampela animal i gat planti hap long bodi i kamap olsem. Tok piksa: liklik snek (WORM, ANNELIDA) i gat planti hap bilong em i kamap olsem.
SELF-POLLINATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela plaua i gat man kiau (SPERM) na meri kiau (OVULE) i stap wantaim long wapel a plaua. Nau SPERM i save bung wantaim long OVULE (POLLINATION, FERTILIZATION) i bihain pikinini i kamap.

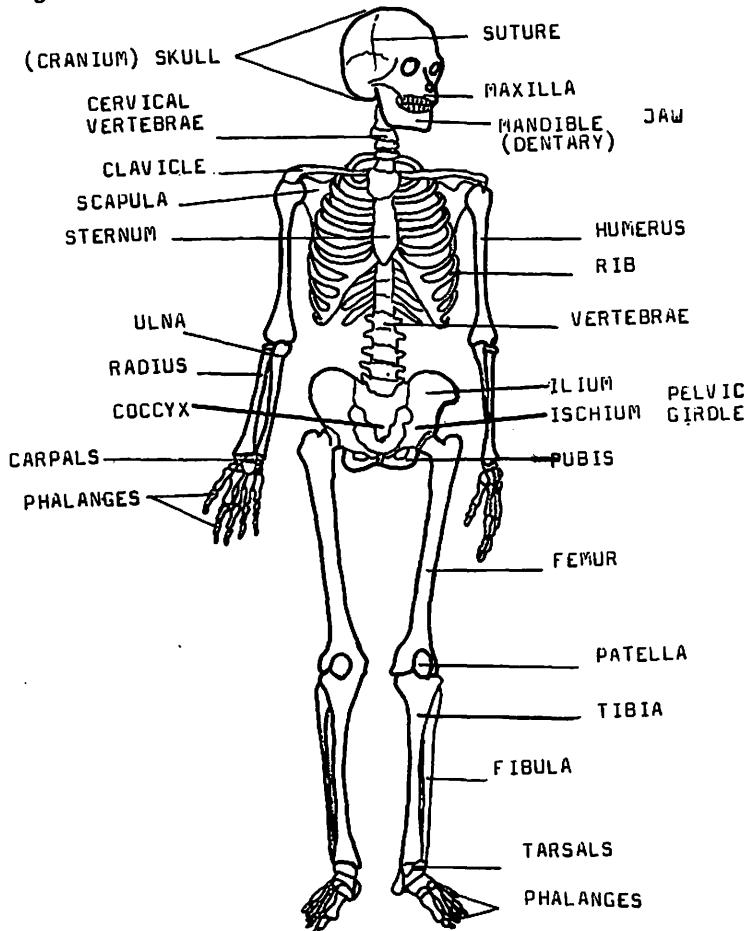
SEmen	Nem bilong wara bilong man em i olsem melek or susu. Nau kiau (SPERM) i stap long SEMEN.
SENSE ORGAN	Nem bilong sampela hap long bodi i gat save long wanem samting i stap long aussait long bodi. Olsem ai na ia na nus na tang na finge em i olgeta SENSE ORGAN i gat save long lait, smel, nois, traim kaikai, na pilim samting.
SENSORY	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong bodi i gat save long em wanem samting i stap long aussait long em.
SEPAL	Nem bilong wapelala hap long plaua. Em i stap ananit long hap long plaua i gat kala. Nau planti plaua i gat grinpela SEPAL em i lukluk olsem lip diwai. (Fig. 21 page 37).
SEPTUM (pl. SEPTA)	Nem bilong olgeta banis bilong bodi. Tok piksa: SEPTUM bilong hat em i banis i stap long namel long hat.
SERPENTIA (SERPENT)	Nem bilong wapelala lain long animal. Snek bilong lain SERPENTIA.
SESSILE	Nem bilong mak bilong sampela kain diwai i no gat stik bilong hap long bodi bilong em or SESSILE em i nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i no gat bun bilong baksait (INVERTEBRATE) i save sindaun long wapelala hap tasol i no muv (SEDENTARY).

SETAE (s.SETA)	Nem bilong sampela gras bilong sampela animal i no gat bun bilong baksait bilong em. (INVERTEBRATE) liklik snek (WORM, ANNELIDA) i gat planti SETAE em i olsem sampela kain gras. Em no olsem gras bilong man.
SEX-CHROMOSOME	Nem bilong wanpela liklik rop tru i stap insait long CELL (CHROMOSOME). SEX-CHROMOSOME i save mekim mak bilong sem bilong meri na arapela mak bilong man.
SEXUAL REPRODUCTION	Nem bilong pasin bilong planti kain animal na diwai i gat tupela kain kiau (GAMETES) bilong em. Man kiau (SPERM) na meri kiau (OVUM, OVULE) i bung wantaim (FERTILIZATION) na bihain pikinini i kamap.
SHOOT	Nem bilong hap long diwai i gat stik na lip na han olsem ol i kolim kru. (Fig. 13 page 24).
SIBLING	Nem bilong olgeta brata na sista bilong animal.
SILURIAN	Nem bilong taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS). SILURIAN i kamap 440 milin krismas bipo na i pinis 395 milin krismas bipo.
SINUS	Nem bilong sampela liklik spes i stap insait long bodi bilong animal na diwai. Tok piksa: NASAL SINUS em i nem bilong liklik spes i stap insait long het klostu long nus.
SIPHONAPTERA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) bilong binatang (INSECT). Em i liklik na i no gat WING bilong em. Binatang bilong lain SIPHONAPTERA em i save kaikai animal ol i kolim laus.

SKELETAL MUSCLE Nem bilong wapela kain mit (MUSCLE) i pasim bun bilong animal na i save muvim han na lek na finge na wasket na planti bun bilong bodi.

SKELETON Nem bilong bun bilong animal.

Figure 38.



SKULL	Nem bilong olgeta bun bilong hat. (Fig. 38 page 92).
SMOOTH MUSCLE	Nem bilong wanpela kain mit (MUSCLE) bilong animal. Em i stap arere long rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE) na rop bilong blut (BLOOD VESSEL) na arapela hap bilong bodi. SMOOTH MUSCLE i wokim long helpim na muvim kaikai na helpim muvim blut i go long bodi.
SOMATIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong bodi.
SORUS (pl.SORI)	Nem bilong hap long sampela kain diwai (FERN). Plantli liklik kiau (SPORE) bilong FERN bung wantaim long SORUS.
SPECIATION	Nem bilong wanpela hap long lo long EVOLUTION i tok: sampela taim wanpela nupela liklik lain (SPECIES) i ken kamap long olpela liklik lain (SPECIES). Plantli kriemas tru i kamap long mekim wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES).
SPERM	Nem bilong kiau bilong man na animal na diwai i save kamap long sem bilong em.
SPERMATOCYTE	Nem bilong wanpela Kain CELL i stap long bel bilong man. SPERMATOCYTE i tainim long man kiau (SPERM) i ken mekim foapela SPERM.
SPERMATOPHYTA	Nem bilong wanpela bikpela lain (DIVISION) bilong diwai. Nau olgeta diwai bilong lain long SPERMATOPHYTA em i gat pikinini diwai (SEED). ANGIOSPERM na GYMNOSPERM bilong lain SPERMATOPHYTA.

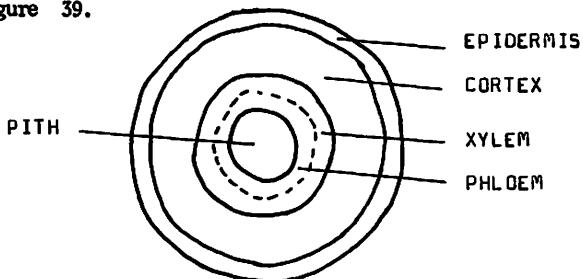
SPHINCTER	Nem bilong sampela samting long mit i stap long planti mambu i stap insait long bodi bilong sampela kain animal. SPHINCTER i wokim olsem doa. Tok pikea: bodi bilong man em i gat wanpela SPHINCTER i stap antap long hap long bel (STOMACH) i save brukbrukim kaikai. Dispela SPHINCTER i save pasim rot bilong kaikai i go insait long STOMACH (ESOPHAGUS). Nau kaikai i stap long STOMACH i no ken kamaut long STOMACH i go ausait long maus. Em i gat planti SPHINCTER i stap insait long bel.
SPINAL CORD	Nem bilong hap bilong olgeta rot wailis (NERVOUS SYSTEM) i stap insait long bun bilong baksait (VERTEBRAE). Em i olsem mambu i gat planti rot wailis (NERVE) i stap insait.
SPINE	Nem bilong sampela samting i kamaut long sampela hap long bodi bilong animal na diwai. SPINE em i olsem nel.
SPLEEN	Nem bilong wanpela mit (ORGAN) i stap long bel. SPLEEN i gat planti witpela CELL (LEUKOCYTES) bilong blut i save kilim liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA) i kam insait long bodi. Olsem SPLEEN i gat planti retpela CELL bilong blut (ERYTHROCYTES) i stap.
SPONGE	Nem bilong wanpela kain animal i stap long solwara. Bodи bilong em i no stret tumas. SPONGE i lukluk olsem bol bilong gumi.
SPONTANEOUS GENERATION	Nem bilong wanpela samting bilong BIOLOGY i tok; sampela animal na diwai ken i kamap long samting i no gat laip (ABIOTGENESIS). Em i lo giaman bilong BIOLOGY.

SPORANGIUM (pl. SPORANGIA)	Nem bilong wapel a hap long diwai i save mekim liklik kiau bilong diwai (SPORE).
SPORE	Nem bilong wapel a kain liklik kiau bilong diwai.
SPOROPHYLL	Nem bilong wapel a kain lip diwai i gat sampela hap i save mekim liklik kiau bilong diwai (SPORANGIA).
SPOROPHYTE	Nem bilong wapel a pasin bilong diwai long taim diwai i save mekim liklik kiau (SPORE) bilong em.
SQUAMATA	Nem bilong wapel a lain (ORDER) bilong animal i gat palai na snek. Animal bilong lain SQUAMATA i no gat gras bilong em.
STAMEN	Nem bilong wapel a hap long plaua. STAMEN em i man sem bilong plaua. Man kiau (POLLEN,SPERM) i stap antap long STAMEN. (Fig. 20 page 36).
STAMINATE	Nem bilong olgeta kain plaua i gat hap bilong man kiau tasol. Nau STAMINATE plaua i no gat hap bilong meri plaua (CARPEL).
STARCH	Nem bilong wapel a kaikai i stap insait grimpela diwai. STARCH em i planti suga i bung wantaim.

STELE Nem bilong kru i stap insait long stik diwai.
STELE i gat hap long diwai long muvim wara na kaikai long diwai (**VASCULAR BUNDLE**).

STEM Nem bilong stik diwai.

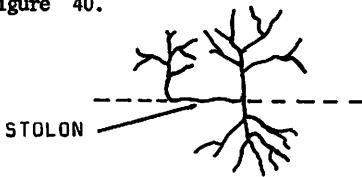
Figure 39.



STERILE Nem bilong mak bilong diwai na animal i no save mekim na karim pikinini or nem bilong samting i no gat liklik binatang tru. (**BACTERIA**) i stap long em.

STERNUM Nem bilong bun i stap long namel long bun bilong banis (RIB) planti RIB i pasim long STERNUM. (Fig. 38 page 92).

STIMULUS
(pl. **STIMULI**) Nem bilong sampela taim sampela samting i stap long aussait long animal or diwai (**ENVIRONMENT**) i kamap strong inap long mekim sampela samting bilong animal or diwai senis (**RESPONSE**). Tok piksa: sapos sampela bikpela nois i kamap klostu long sampela kapul na dispela kapul i gat pret long dispela nois na ranawa. Nois em i **STIMULUS**.

STIPULE	Nem bilong sampela hap long stik diwai bilong sampela kain diwai. Nau STIPULE em i lukluk olesem liklik lip. STIPULE i stap klostu long stik bilong lip (PETIOLE).
STOLON	Nem bilong wapel a hap bilong sampela kain diwai. STOLON em wapel a kain stik diwai (STEM) i save kamap klostu long graun.
	Figure 40.
	
STOMA (pl. STOMATA)	Nem bilong liklik hul i stap long ausait skin bilong lip diwai. Win i save go insait long lip long STOMA.
STOMACH	Nem bilong hap long bel i save brukbrukim kaikai. Plant i kain kain marasin (ENZYME) i helpim STOMACH long brukbrukim kaikai. Olesem STOMACH i gat mit (MUSCLE) i helpim tainim kaikai i stap insait long STOMACH. (Fig. 15 page 28).
STROBILUS (pl. STROBILI)	Nem bilong wapel a hap bilong sampela kain diwai. Plant i kiau bilong man meri i save bung wantaim long STROBILUS.
STYLE	Nem bilong wapel a hap long plawa. STYLE em i liklik stik bilong meri sem bilong plawa.

SUB-	Nem bilong sampela samting i stap daunbilo sampela arapela samting.
SUBCUTANEOUS	Nem bilong hap bilong bodi i stap ananit na klostu ausait skin bilong animal na diwai. Tok piksa: SUBCUTANEOUS gris em i gris i stap ananit long ausait skin bilong animal.
SUCCESSION	Nem bilong taim sampela hap long diwai na animal bung long wampela ples (COMMUNITY) na bihain dispela hap long graun i gat nupela kain diwai na animal i stap wantaim. Tok piksa: sapos sampela hap i stap graun nating, nau bihain sampela liklik gras i kamap long dispela graun, nau bihain moa yet, bikpela diwai i kamap long dispela hap long graun, nau bihain planti kain kain bikpela diwai tru i kamap long dispela hap long graun, olgeta em i taim bilong SUCCESSION.
SUCCULENT	Nem bilong mak bilong sampela kain diwai i gat strong lip na stik bilong em. Em i save bungim planti wara i stap insait long em. Dispela kain diwai i save sindaun long ples i drai (XERIC).
SUCROSE	Nem bilong wampela kain suga. Na SUCROSE em i tupela kain suga i bung wantaim.
SUTURE	Nem bilong lain i kamap long taim tupela hap long bodi bilong animal na diwai i bung wantaim. Tok piksa: man i gat planti bun bilong het (SKULL) na dispela bun i bung wantaim nau sampela lain i kamap long namel long tupela bun. (Fig. 38 page 92).

SWEAT GLAND	Nem bilong wanelala kain CELL i bung wantaim bilong sampela kain animal (MAMMAL) i stap klostu long ausait skin. SWEAT GLAND i save rausim wara bilong skin long taim ausait i hat tumas. SWEAT GLAND i helpim animal i no go dai pinis long kukim bodi bilong em long hat i stap long ausait.
SYMBIOSIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong tupela animal na diwai i bung wantaim na helpim wanelala wanelala.
SYMMETRY	Nem bilong samting long tek save long olgeta hap bilong bodi bilong animal na diwai i stap we.
SYNAPSE	Nem bilong wanelala hap long rot wailis (NERVE) i stap insait long bodi. SYNAPSE em i liklik spes i stap long namel long tupela NERVE.
SYNCARPOUS	Nem bilong wanelala kain plawa diwai i gat planti meri sem (CARPEL) i bung wantaim long plawa.
SYNGAMY	Nem bilong pasin bilong planti animal na diwai. SYNGAMY em i taim bilong kiau bilong man (SPERM) na kiau bilong meri, (OVUM, OVULE) bung wantaim (FERTILIZATION).
SYSTEMIC	Nem bilong samting sapos sampela samting em i go i stap nabaut long bodi. Em i no stap long wanelala hap tasol.
SYSTOLE	Nem bilong wanelala hap long taim hat i pamp. SYSTOLE em i taim long hat i rausim blut i stap insait long hat.

TACTILE	Nem bilong samting bilong taim sampela animal na diwai i pilim samting.
TADPOLE	Nem bilong pikinini (LARVAE) bilong rokrok, em i lukluk olsem pis. TADPOLE em i no pis tru.
TAPETUM	Nem bilong wanpela kain CELL i bung wantaim long meri em bilong sampela kain diwai. TAPETUM i gat planti kaikai i stap long CELL bilong em. Liklik kiau (SPORE) kaikai TAPETUM.
TAPEWORM	Nem bilong wanpela kain liklik snek (WORM) i step insait long bel bilong sampela kain animal na kaikai em (ENDOPARASITE). Nau pikinini bilong TAPEWORM i save kamaut long as bilong ANIMAL (HOST).
TAP ROOT	Nem bilong wanpela kain as diwai (ROOT) i gat wanpela longpela hap bilong em i go daunbilo tru insait long graun. Nau TAP ROOT i gat liklik han bilong em tasol.
TARSAL	Nem bilong planti bun i stap long baksait long fut. (Fig. 38 page 92).
TASTE BUDS	Nem bilong hap long tang. TASTE BUD i kan save em wanem samting man i kaikai. TASTE BUD i gat save long foapela samting bilong kaikai. Em i gat save long kaikai i swit olsem suga, na kaikai em i gat sol, na kaikai em i pait olsem muli, na kaikai i gat pait.

TAXIS	Nem bilong pasin bilong animal i wokabaut i go klostu or i ran ewe long sampela samting. Tok piksa: Sapos sampela pis i save wokabaut long wara klostu sampela lait i kamap em i wanpela kain TAXIS.
TAXONOMY	Nem bilong lainim samting long em wanem lain bilong olgeta animal na diwai (CLASSIFICATION).
TELEOSTEI	Nem bilong lain bilong animal. Olgeta pis i gat bun bilong em bilong lain long TELEOSTEI.
TEMPORAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong taim.
TENDON	Nem bilong rop i pasim mit long bun.
TENDRIL	Nem bilong stik na lip diwai or hap long lip diwai i lukluk olesem liklik rop. Plant i diwai i usim TENDRIL long holim pas long sampela arapela samting.
TERMITE	Nem bilong binatang i save kaikai diwai. Em i gat foapela wing bilong em.
TERRESTRIAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong animal na diwai i save sindaun long graun.
TERRITORIAL	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela animal i gat wanpela graun bilong em yet. Nau sapos sampela arapela animal bilong wankain liklik lain (SPECIES) i go insait long dispela graun bilong arapela animal, animal i gat dispela graun em i paitim ol arapela animal i no bilong dispela graun. TERRITORIAL i kamap long planti taim bilong mekim pikinini.

TERTIARY	Nem bilong taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 65 milin kriisma biso i pinis 1.5 milin kriisma biso.
TESTICLE	Nem bilong bol bilong man. TESTICLE i save mekim kiau bilong man (SPERM) na em i save mekim marasin (HORMONE) bilong mekim mak bilong man (ANDROGEN).
TESTIS	Nem olsem TESTICLE.
TESTOSTERONE	Nem bilong marasin (HORMONE) i save mekim mak bilong man. Tok piksa: TESTOSTERONE i save mekim maus gras i kamap long taim manki i kamap man tru.
TESTUDINATA	Nem bilong wanpela lain (ORDER) long animal. Olgeta trausel bilong lain long TESTUDINATA.
TETRA-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat fopela hap bilong em.
TETRAPOD	Nem bilong olgeta animal i gat fopela lek bilong em. Olgeta lain i gat palai (REPTILE) na pisin (AVES) na kapul (MAMMAL) na man (MAMMAL) na rokrok (AMPHIBIA) em i olgeta TETRAPOD.
THERMO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong hat na kol.
THERMOPHILIC	Nem bilong pasin bilong animal na diwai i save sindaun gut long ples hat.
THORACIC	Nem bilong olgeta samting i stap klostu long banis bilong animal (RIB).

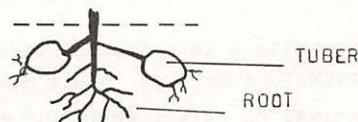
THORAX	Nem bilong hap long bodi bilong sampela kain animal. THORAX i stap namel long het na bel. Hat na witlawa (LUNG) i save pulim win i stap long THORAX bilong animal i gat bun bilong baksait (VERTEBRAE) or tripela lek bilong binatang (INSECT) i pasim long THORAX bilong em.
THYMUS GLAND	Nem bilong planti CELL i bung wantaim olsem wanpela kain mit (GLAND) bilong sampela kain animal i gat bun bilong baksait (VERTEBRATE). THYMUS GLAND i stap klostu long nek i save mekim sampela samting (ANTIBODY) i save paitim liklik samting (ANTIGEN, BACTERIA, VIRUS) i stap insait long bodi.
THYROID GLAND	Nem bilong planti CELL bung wantaim olsem wanpela kain mit (GLAND) i stap insait long sampela kain animal (VERTEBRATE) THYROID GLAND i save mekim sampela kain marasin (HORMONE) i save bosim wok bilong bodi long mekim pawa, na mekim nupela mit ol i kalim dispela wok bilong bodi METABOLISM.
TIBIA	Nem bilong bun bilong lek i stap namel long skru bilong lek (KNEE) na long fut. (Fig. 38 page 92).
TISSUE	Nem bilong planti wanpela kain CELL i bung wantaim long mekim wanpela hap long bodi. Tok piksa: ausait skin (EPIDERMIS) na gras na gris na bun em i TISSUE bilong bodi.
TOXIN	Nem bilong gip olsem posin.

TRACHEA	Nem bilong liklik hap long rot i stap insait long stik diwai i save karim wara (XYLEM) or em bilong mambu bilong sampela animal i save karim win long ausait i go long insait long animal. (Fig. 26 page 54).
TRACHEIDS	Nem bilong wanpela liklik hap bilong diwai i save karim wara i go insait long stik diwai (XYLEM) TRACHEID bipo em i wanpela kain CELL i gat strongpela banis bilong em (CELL WALL), nau bihain CELL i dai pinis na banis i save karim wara yet.
TRACHEOLE	Nem bilong liklik mambu bilong sampela kain animal i karim win i go long ausait i kam insait long animal. TRACHEOLE i stap long bikpela mambu long karim win ol i kolim TRACHEA. (Fig. 26 page 54).
TRACHEOPHYTA	Nem bilong wanpela bikpela lain (DIVISION) long diwai. Olgeta diwai bilong TRACHEOPHYTA i gat rot i stap insait long stik long karim wara (XYLEM) na kaikai (PHLOEM).
TRAIT	Nem bilong olgeta mak bilong animal na diwai. Tok piksa: snek i no gat lek bilong em, dispela em i TRAIT bilong snek na kapul i gat gras, em i TRAIT bilong kapul.
TRANSECT	Nem bilong sampela samting bilong kisim save long em wanem kain animal na diwai i stap long sampela hap. TRANSECT em i olsem lain i stap long sampela hap na man bilong BIOLOGY i mekim olgeta kain animal na diwai i stap klostu long dispela lain.

TRANSLOCATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela lain diwai (TRACHEOPHYTA) i save karim kaikai na wara i go insait long stik (STEM) na as diwai (ROOT) na lip diwai.
TRANSVERSE	Nem bilong katim or makim animal or diwai long het na tel. (Fig. 3 page 6).
TREMATODA	Nem bilong lain (CLASS) bilong animal. TREMATODA em i go insait sampela arapela animal na kaikai em (ENDOPARASITE).
TRI-	Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat tripela samting.
TRIASSIC	Nem bilong wanpela taim bipo bipo tru (GEOLOGICAL PERIODS AND ERAS) i kamap 225 milin krismas bipo i pinis 190 milin krismas bipo.
TRICUSPID VALVE	Nem bilong wanpela liklik doa i stap namel long wanpela rum i stap insait long hat (atrium) na long arapela rum (VENTRICLE) TRICUSPID VALVE i save pasim blut i stap long dispela tupela rum. (Fig. 22 page 43).
TROPH-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong animal na diwai i save kaikai.
TROPIC	Nem bilong hap long graun i stap klostu long lain namel long olgeta graun.
TROPISM	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai i save kamap klostu long lait or long pawa long graun i pulim kamdaun (GRAVITY).

TUBER Nem bilong wanpela hap long stik diwai (STEM) i stap ananit long graun. Nau TUBER em i bikpela stik diwai. Na planti kaikai bilong diwai i stap long TUBER. Tok piksa: hap long potato na kaukau i stap ananit long graun em i TUBER.

Figure 41.



TURTLE Nem bilong tarasel.

TWIN Nem bilong tupela pikinini i kamap long bel long meri wantaim.

ULNA Nem bilong wanpela bun bilong han i stap namel long skru bilong han (ELBOW) na han tru. (Fig. 38 page 92).

UMBILICAL CORD Nem bilong rop i stap long pikinini (FETUS) i stap long bel bilong meri (UTERUS) UMBILICAL CORD i kamaut long bilum bilong pikinini (PLACENTA) UMBILICAL CORD i save karim win na kaikai bilong meri i go insait long pikinini.

UNI- Nem bilong olgeta samting i gat wanpela samting tasol.

UNICELLULAR Nem bilong mak bilong sampela animal na diwai i gat wanpela CELL bilong em tasol UNICELLULAR em i olsem ACELLULAR. (Fig. 7 page 12 , Fig. 34 page 81).

UNISEXUAL	Nem bilong sampela pasin bilong sampela animal na diwai i gat wankain sem bilong em tasol. Em i no gat meri kiau na man kiau bilong em (GAMETES).
UREA	Nem bilong wanpela samting i stap long pispis. UREA em i rabis bilong mit i go ausait long wara bilong animal.
URETER	Nem bilong liklik rot bilong pispis i kamaut long mit i (KIDNEY) save mekim pispis. URETER i karim pispis long bilum i go long bungim pispis (URINARY BLADDER). (Fig. 24 page 50).
URETHRA	Nem bilong rop i stap insait long kok (PENIS) na bokis bilong meri. URETHRA save karim pispis na wara bilong man (SEmen) i go long ausait long bodi bilong sampela kain animal. (Fig. 24 page 50).
URINARY BLADDER	Nem bilong bilum i stap daunbilo long bel i save bungim pispis bilong sampela kain animal. (Fig. 24 page 50).
URINE	Nem bilong pispis.
UTERUS	Nem bilong wanpela hap long bel bilong meri i save karim pikinini. (Fig. 31 page 68).
VACCINE	Nem bilong marasin i stap long sut. VACCINE i save helpim bodi kilim liklik binatang tru (BACTERIA) i save go insait long man na mekim sik.

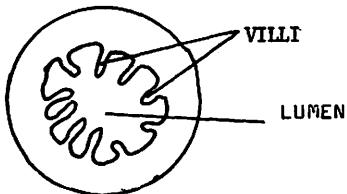
VACUOLE	Nem bilong liklik rum tru (ORGANELLE) olsem liklik bilum i stap insait long CELL bilong diwai. Sampela VACUOLE i gat kaikai i stap. (Fig. 9 page 18).
VAGINA	Nem bilong bokis bilong meri olsem kan bilong meri. (Fig. 31 page 68).
VALVE	Nem bilong planti samting i stap insait long bodi bilong animal na diwai. VALVE i wokim olesem doa i save pasim sampela mambu i stap insait long bodi. (Fig. 22 page 43).
VARIATION	Nem bilong kain kain mak bilong animal na diwai bilong wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES). Tok piksa: olgeta man bilong wanpela liklik lain long animal. Nau olman em i gat planti kain kain mak bilong em. Em i bikpela man na sotpela man. Sampela man i gat braunpela skin na arapela i gat wait pela skin ol i kalim dispela kain kain mak, VARIATION.
VARIETY	Nem bilong olgeta liklik lain tru i stap long wanpela liklik lain (SPECIES) long olgeta diwai. Wanpela VARIETY long wanpela SPECIES i gat sampela mak bilong em i no gat long arapsela VARIETY long wankain SPECIES i gat mak olsem.
VASCULAR	Nem bilong olgeta rop bilong animal na diwai i save karim blut or wara or sampela samting olsem wara.

VASCULAR BUNDLE	Nem bilong wapela hap long stik diwai (STEM) i stap insait long diwai.
	VASCULAR BUNDLE i save karim kaikai (PHLOEM) na wara (XYLEM) bilong em.
VASCULAR PLANTS	Nem bilong sampela diwai i gat rot bilong em i stap insait long stik (STEM) diwai i save karim kaikai na wara ol i kelim dispela rot VASCULAR BUNDLE. Nem bilong dispela kain diwai em i olsem TRACHEOPHYTA.
VAS DEFERENS	Nem bilong liklik rop i stap long sem bilong man. VAS DEFERENS i save karim man kiau (SPERM) long bol i go long rot bilong kok (URETHRA).
VASO-	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong rop bilong blut.
VASOCONSTRICITION	Nem bilong taim rop bilong blut (VESSEL) i senis long liklik. Nau planti blut i no ken ran nabaut long bodi.
VASODILATION	Nem bilong taim rop bilong blut (VESSEL) i senis long bikpela. Nau planti blut i ken ran nabaut long bodi.
VECTOR	Nem bilong sampela animal i save karim liklik binatang tru olsem jem (BACTERIA, VIRUS) VECTOR i go long arapela kain animal i mekim dispela animal sik. Tok pikea: sampela kain moskito i save karim liklik binatang tru (PROTOZOA) nau sapos dispela moskito i save kaikai man PROTOZOA i ken go insait long blut long man. Nau man i kamap sik (MALARIA).

VEGATATIVE PROPAGATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela diwai i save mekim nupela diwai long hap bilong em. Tok piksa: sapos you katim han bilong diwai na planim dispela han diwai. Nau bihain dispela han diwai i kamap nupela diwai.
VEIN	Nem bilong wampela kain rop bilong blut i karim blut i go long hat or nem bilong rop i stap long lip diwai i karim wara i go long em. (fig. 10 page 21, Fig. 25 page 52).
VENA CAVA	Nem bilong bikpela rop bilong blut (VEIN) i karim blut i go long hat. (Fig. 22 page 43).
VENATION	Nem bilong olgeta liklik rop (VEIN) i stap long lip or nem bilong olgeta rop (VEIN) i stap long WING bilong binatang (INSECT).
VENOM	Nem bilong poison bilong animal. Snek i save kilim man i gat planti VENOM i stap long em.
VENOUS	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong rop bilong karim blut i go long hat.
VENTRAL	Nem bilong olgeta hapsait long animal i stap long arasait long baksait long animal. Tok piksa: bel bilong animal i stap long VENTRAL hap long animal. (Fig. 3 page 6).
VERNALIZATION	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela kain diwai. Nau kol i mekim pikinini diwai i kamap bikpela diwai (GERMINATION) i gat dispela pasin. Sapos ples i no gat kol pikinini i stap long graun tasol, i no kamap.

VERTEBRAE	Nem bilong bun bilong baksait bilong sampela kain animal (VERTEBRATES). (Fig. 38 page 92).
VERTEBRATES	Nem bilong wapelalain bilong animal. Animal bilong lain long VERTEBRATES em i gat bun bilong baksait (VERTEBRAE) bilong em. Fis na kapul na rokrok na snek na pukpuk na pisin na rat na man, olgeta bilong lain long VERTEBRATES .
VESSEL	Nem bilong wapelalap long rot i stap long stik (STEM) diwai. VESSEL em i CELL i dai pinis i save karim wara long insait long stik diwai or VESSEL em i nem bilong olgeta rop bilong blut.
VESTIGAL	Nem bilong sampela hap bilong bodi i no save wokim samting. Dispela hap em i wokim samting long animal i stap bipo bipo tru. Em i liklik samting nau.
VILLI (<i>s.VILLUS</i>)	Nem bilong samting lukluk olsem liklik finga tru. VILLI i stap insait long rot bilong kaikai (INTESTINE) i helpim kaikai i go insait long bodi bilong animal.

Figure 42.



VIRUS	Nem bilong liklik samting tru. Em i klostu animal i no animal na diwai tru. VIRUS em i gat tupela hap bilong em. Liklik mit tru (PROTEIN) na DNA or RNA. Sampela VIRUS i save kilim CELL na liklik binatang tru (BACTERIOPHAGE).
VISCERAL	Nem bilong olgeta samting bilong bel.
VITAMIN	Nem bilong planti kain marasin i stap insait long kaikai i helpim animal i kamap strongpela.
VIVIPAROUS	Nem bilong pasin bilong sampela lain long animal i save karim pikinini. Nau bihain pikinini i kamaut long meri bilong em. Animal i gat pasin VIVIPAROUS i no save putim kiau.
VOLUNTARY MUSCLE	Nem bilong wapel a kain mit (MUSCLE) bilong hanlek i save muv han na lek na planti bun i stap long bodi. (SKELETAL MUSCLE).
WILTING	Nem bilong pasin bilong diwai. Nau sapos i no gat wara diwai em i go daun i no dai yet.
WINDPIPE	Nem bilong wapel a mambu i stap long nsk bilong sampela kain animal (VERTEBRATE) i karim win i go long witiewa (LUNG). (LARYNX, TRACHEA).
WING	Nem bilong hap bilong animal i save helpim flai. Binatang (INSECT) na pisin na blak bokis i gat wing bilong em.

WOMB	Nem bilong hap bilong bel bilong meri i pikinini i kamap. WOMB em i olsem UTERUS. (Fig. 31 page 68).
WOOD	Nem bilong diwai. Planti CELL bilong karim wara (XYLEM) i bung wantaim long mekim WOOD.
X-CHROMOSOME	Nem bilong wanpela kain liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL. X-CHROMOSOME em wanpela kain SEX CHROMOSOME i gat planti liklik hap bilong em (GENE) i save mekim mak bilong meri. Meri i gat tupela X-CHROMOSOME long wanpela CELL. Na man i gat wanpela tasol.
XERIC	Nem bilong hap long graun i no gat planti wara.
XEROPHYTE	Nem bilong diwai i save sindaun long ples i no gat planti wara.
XYLEM	Nem bilong wanpela hap long diwai i stap insait long stik diwai (STEM). XYLEM i save karim wara i go insait long diwai. (Fig. 39 page 92).
Y-CHROMOSOME	Nem bilong wanpela liklik rop tru (CHROMOSOME) i stap insait long CELL bilong man. Y-CHROMOSOME em i wanpela SEX-CHROMOSOME. Y-CHROMOSOME i mekim kiau (ZYGOTE) i kamap man.

YEAST	Nem bilong wanpela kain liklik diwai tru (FUNGUS). YEAST em i gat wanpela CELL tasol. YEAST em i save brukbrukim suga i senis suga long spirits (FERMENTATION).
YOLK	Nem bilong sampela hap long kiau bilong sampela kain animal. YOLK i gat planti kaikai i stap insait long em. Taim pikinini i stap insait long kiau em i save kaikai YOLK. (Fig. 16 page 30).
ZOOGEOGRAPHY	Nem bilong wanpela hap bilong BIOLOGY i gat save long em wanem kain animal i stap long em wanem ples. ZOOGEOGRAPHY em gat planti ples bilong olgeta graun i stap. Nem bilong kain kain ples bilong ZOOGEOGRAPHY stap daunbilo:
	PALEARCTIC TROPICAL ORIENTAL NEOTROPICAL AUSTRALIAN ETHIOPIAN NEARCTIC
ZOOLOGY	Nem bilong lainim samting long olgeta animal.
ZOOPLANKTON	Nem bilong liklik animal i stap long wara na solwara. Planti kain kain bikpela animal i stap long wara na solwara i save kaikai ZOOPLANKTON.

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WAU ECOLOGY INSTITUTE

This book is published by the WAU ECOLOGY INSTITUTE, which is an organization dedicated to education for ecology and conservation in Papua New Guinea. The Institute is located at Wau (alt. 1200 metres) in the mountains of eastern Papua New Guinea. It encompasses a large arboretum of native plants, a zoo, a small museum, and some facilities for research.

Ecological studies are carried out along an extensive transect through many life zones. Instruction is given to visiting classes and nature tours.

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Contributions are solicited for fellowships, and for developing the zoo and displays. Gifts are tax-free in Papua New Guinea (tax-free in USA if sent to Ecology Fund, Bishop Museum, Box 6037, Honolulu, Hawaii 96818).

Publications of Wau Ecology Institute

Handbook of common New Guinea Frogs, by J. I. Menzies. 1976, 75p. 12 col. pl. Price K3.00; AU\$3.50; US\$4.50.

Handbook of common New Guinea Beetles, by J. L. Gressitt and R. W. Hornabrook. 1977. 87 p. many illustr., 4 col. pl. Price as preceding.

Guide to biological terms in Melanesian pidgin. By Martin Simon. 115p., illustr. Price K2.50; AU\$3.00; US\$4.00.

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