SOLITARY SANDPIPER

Tringa solitaria

non-breeding visitor, vagrant

T.s. cinnamomea

Solitary Sandpipers breed from Alaska across Canada and winter in Mexico through sc. S America (AOU 1998). They have occurred as vagrants to Europe, Africa, Clipperton I (Cramp and Simmons 1983, Howell et al. 1993), and the Hawaiian Islands, where four fall vagrants and one wintering bird have appeared in the *Southeastern Hawaiian Islands*. The first record was of a bird at the Puna Mill Sugar Company settling basins near Kea'au, *Hawai'i I*, 14 Sep 1983 (*E* 45:73, HRBP 0301). Another individual was at Opaeula Pond, Hawai'i 6 Oct 2000. On *O'ahu* there are two records, one at Waipi'o Peninsula and the Honouliuli Unit of PHNWR 17 Jan-24 Apr 1990 and one at the Ki'i Unit of JCNWR 25 Sep-5 Oct 2002 (HRBP 5034, 5171-5172, published *NAB* 57:135). On Maui, one was present at Kealia Pond NWR, Maui, 27-28 Aug 2014 (HRBP 6405, published *NAB* 69:514). Photographs of the Ki'i and Kealia birds indicate first-year individuals of the expected w. N American subspecies *T.s. cinnamomea*.

Acronyms and Abbreviations

Literature cited

Citation: Pyle, R.L., and P. Pyle. 2017. The Birds of the Hawaiian Islands: Occurrence, History, Distribution, and Status. B.P. Bishop Museum, Honolulu, HI, U.S.A. Version 2 (1 January 2017) http://hbs.bishopmuseum.org/birds/rlp-monograph/