

MARSH SANDPIPER

Tringa stagnatilis

non-breeding visitor, vagrant

monotypic

The Marsh Sandpiper breeds in nc. Asia and winters from Africa through Australia (Dement'ev and Gladkov 1951c, Higgins and Davies 1996). As a vagrant it has reached Europe (Cramp and Simmons 1983), the outer Aleutian Is, Alaska (AOU 1998), and California, and it has been recorded in Micronesia on most island groups E to the Marshall Is (Pyle and Engbring 1987, Clapp and Schipper 1990, Wiles 2005, VanderWerf 2006). There are three records for the Hawaiian Islands: in the *Northwestern Hawaiian Islands*, a first-fall bird occurred on Sand I, **Midway**, 25 Oct-1 Nov 1998 ([HRBP](#) 1208-1212), and in the *Southeastern Hawaiian Islands* one was present at the Pouhala Marsh Unit of PHNWR, **O'ahu**, 18 Nov 2002-3 Mar 2003 ([HRBP](#) 5554-5559, published *NAB* 57:276) and one was found at Kahanui Pond, **Moloka'i**, 19-21 Dec 2016 ([HRBP](#) 6431-6433). A Marsh Sandpiper found at the Kona (Kealakehe) WTP, **Hawai'i I**, 1 Jan 2017, was likely the same individual, in which case it likely arrived there in Dec 2016.

[Acronyms and Abbreviations](#)

[Literature cited](#)

Citation: Pyle, R.L., and P. Pyle. 2017. The Birds of the Hawaiian Islands: Occurrence, History, Distribution, and Status. B.P. Bishop Museum, Honolulu, HI, U.S.A. Version 2 (1 January 2017) <http://hbs.bishopmuseum.org/birds/rlp-monograph/>